

ATTACHMENT C – PROPOSED RULE CHANGES IN MARK-UP – AUSWIND DETAILED RESPONSE.

Affected clause	Claus	se with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
2.2.1(e)	(e)	 To be eligible for registration as a <i>Generator</i>, a person must: (1) having obtained <i>NEMMCO's</i> approval to do so, classify each of the <i>generating units</i> which that form part of the <i>generating system</i> it owns, operates or controls, or from which it otherwise sources electricity, as either a <i>scheduled generating unit</i> or a <i>non-scheduled generating unit</i>; and (2) satisfy <i>NEMMCO</i> that those generating units and the connection points for those generating units comply with the relevant technical requirements set out in Chapter 5 clauses 5.3 or clauses 5.10 and 5.11(if applicable) have been complied with; and (3) satisfy <i>NEMMCO</i> that each generating system will be capable of meeting or exceeding its performance standards. 	The proposed new clause 5.3.7B provides for acceptance of performance standards by NEMMCO. It is intended that Generators should not be registered until performance standards are accepted by NEMMCO for that Generator's plant, and that NEMMCO is satisfied that the Generator will be able to comply with the performance standards.	Agree
2.9.2(a)	(a)	 <u>Subject to clause 2.9.2(d)</u>, NEMMCO must, within 15 business days after receiving the <u>application</u>, or after receiving the further information or clarification under clause 2.9.1(b), or within 15 business days after receiving the information requested under clauses 5.3.7A(b), S5.2.4(b) and 5.11.2, whichever is the later, give notice to the applicant that the applicant is to be admitted in the category of <i>Registered Participant</i> applied for if NEMMCO is reasonably satisfied that: (1) an applicant meets any the eligibility requirements specified for the category of <i>Registered Participant</i> to which the application 	Clauses 5.3.7A(b), S5.2.4(b) and 5.11.2 gives NEMMCO the power to access information necessary to enable it to properly assess proposed performance standards. The performance standards for new connection applications are to be assessed prior to the connection agreement being entered into. Although this may be well before registration, it could technically be done just prior to the registration application. It is therefore appropriate that the time periods in clause 2.9.2(a) only run once requested	Agree



Affected clause	Claus	se with pr	oposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(b)	satisfic NEMM the ap or clar (1) (2) (3) (3) whiche qualifi the re	relates; if the application relates to registration in one of the categories of <i>Market Participant</i> , the applicant is and will be able to fulfil its financial obligations under Chapter 3 including the <i>prudential requirements</i> set out in clause 3.3; and the applicant <u>has complied with and</u> will <u>continue to be able</u> to comply with the <i>Rules</i> . <i>MCO</i> is not reasonably satisfied that an applicant es the requirements set out in clause 2.9.2(a), <i>MCO</i> must, within 15 <i>business days</i> after receiving plication or after receiving the further information iffication required under clause 2.9.1(b),: <u>application;</u> <u>further information or clarification required</u> <u>under clause 2.9.1(b); or</u> <u>information requested under clauses</u> <u>5.3.7A(b), S5.2.4(b) or 5.11.2</u> , ever is the later, notify the applicant that it is not ed to be registered as a <i>Registered Participant</i> in levant category and provide reasons for that ination.	 information is provided. It is also appropriate that a person seeking registration establish that that person has complied with the Rules. The reference to the prudential requirements is not necessary. Clauses 5.3.7A(b), S5.2.4(b) and 5.11.2 gives NEMMCO the power to access information necessary to enable it to properly assess proposed performance standards. As outlined above, it is therefore appropriate that the time periods in clause 2.9.2(b) only run once requested information is provided. 	
<u>2.9.2(d)</u>	<u>(d)</u>	<u>related</u> <u>supply</u> <u>Users,</u> <u>NEMN</u>	ed those terms and conditions are reasonably to ensuring <i>power system security</i> , <i>reliability of</i> or the quality of <i>network service</i> to other <i>Network</i> or are consistent with the <i>market objective</i> , <i>ICO</i> may impose such terms and conditions on any ation as <i>NEMMCO</i> sees appropriate.	In the context of new generation, it is conceivable that NEMMCO might need to register Generators on a conditional basis. This is because NEMMCO's overriding responsibility is to ensure power system security, so it is appropriate that NEMMCO has the power to apply conditions to registration	Delete – The clause gives NEMMCO excessive power to impose any standards on connection. Registration is too late in most circumstances to alter plant design and construction. NEMMCO must inject their requirements prior to registration. The automatic access standards are to highest level of standard which NEMMCO may impose.



Affected clause	Clause	e with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
			that ensure that that objective can be met. It is also appropriate to give NEMMCO the power to apply conditions to registration that ensure reliability of supply and the quality of network service since these are necessary to ensure that the interests of Network Users are protected.	
			Rather than include a provision that specifically applies to Generators (thereby creating an implication that NEMMCO cannot impose conditions on the registration of other applicants, it is appropriate that a generic power to impose conditions (albeit a conditional power) be inserted.	
3.11.7(a)	(a)	In addition to the requirements under clause 4.155.12, a <i>Market Participant</i> which has classified a <i>generating unit</i> as an <i>ancillary service generating unit</i> or a <i>market load</i> as an <i>ancillary service load</i> must install and maintain in accordance with the standards referred to in clause 3.11.7(b) monitoring equipment to monitor and record the response of the <i>ancillary service generating unit</i> or <i>ancillary service load</i> to changes in the <i>frequency</i> of the <i>power system</i> .	This change is necessary to ensure that the appropriate cross-reference is made on implementation of these proposed Rule changes.	Agree
3.13.3(k)	(k)	Subject to the restrictions and obligations in clause 5.3.8(a) NEMMCO must make the following registered bid and offer data and Network Service Provider data and updates available to <u>a</u> Registered Participants, on request without unreasonable delay, the following information and data if in its possession and control:	This clause forms the basis of NEMMCO's data policy – which allows for snapshots of the power system to be distributed to Registered Participants (including if required generating plant dynamic models).	Agree
		(1) details of the shared <i>transmission</i> and <i>distribution</i> <i>network</i> impedance data and other technical data	The original clause was poorly worded, and has been revised to aid clarity.	



Affected clause	Clause with p	proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(2)	 as-listed in: (i) schedule 5.5.1; (ii) schedule 5.5.2; (iii) schedule 5.5.3; and (iv) schedule 5.5.4, sufficient to carry out <i>power system</i> studies as reasonably required by <i>Registered Participants</i> for planning and/or operational purposes; and <i>registered bid and offer data</i>; the following information, provided that it is reasonably required by the <i>Registered Participant</i> to carry out <i>power system</i> studies (including, without limitation, load flow and dynamic simulations) for planning and operational purposes: (i) historical information relating to the operating conditions of the <i>power system</i>; (ii) information and data provided to <i>NEMMCO</i> under clauses 3.13.3(f), 3.13.3(g) and S5.2.4(b)(4); (iii) information and data described in the <i>Generating System Model Guidelines</i>, <i>Generating System Design Data Sheet</i>; and <i>Generating System Setting Data Sheet</i>; (iv) information and data described in schedules 5.5.3 and 5.5.4; and operating procedures and practices for <i>transmission network</i> or <i>distribution network</i> operation and maintenance that have been developed for the application of schedule 5.1 	The different types of data described in the clause have been separated into different sections. The reference to "Network Service Provider Data" for the modelling data has been removed, as it is not clear that all the data provided under this clause belongs to the NSP. Some of it clearly is NSP data, and this has been maintained through references to 3.13.3(f) and 3.13.3(g). S5.2.4(b) has been included because this is currently the clause used to obtain wind farm models. The reference to "historical information relating to the operating conditions of the power system" has been added to make it clear that information is to be given sufficient to generate a load flow file.	



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		sufficient to enable <i>power system</i> modelling under normal, <i>outage</i> and emergency conditions.		
<u>3.13.3(k1)</u>	<u>(k1)</u>	<u>NEMMCO</u> may, in its absolute discretion, provide information of the type described in clause 3.13.3(k) to persons who request it for the purpose of undertaking research or providing advice to <i>Registered Participants or</i> potential investors in the <i>power system</i> .	This clause has been added to enable NEMMCO to pass on standard system snapshots to power system consultants who have a need for the data.	Agree
<u>3.13.3(k2)</u>	<u>(k2)</u>	Information provided under clause 3.13.3(k)(2) is confidential information.	Current NEMMCO policy is to give out snapshots to Participants under cover of a letter saying that this is confidential information. This clause formalises that this information is to be treated as confidential. Registered Participants are bound by the Rules to treat confidential information as described in 8.6.1. Non participants (under 3.13.3(k1)) would need to sign a confidentiality agreement.	Agree
<u>3.13.3(k3)</u>	<u>(k3)</u>	NEMMCO may recover from Registered Participants and other persons to whom information and data is provided or to be provided under clauses 3.13.3(k) and 3.13.3(k1), respectively, NEMMCO's estimate of the reasonable costs incurred by NEMMCO, or to be incurred by NEMMCO, in complying with a request under either of those clauses. NEMMCO may withhold the information and data until its estimate of reasonable costs is paid.	This is required to ensure that the user of the service, as opposed to the market as a whole, pays the cost of providing this service.	Agree
4.2.5(d)	(d)	 NEMMCO must, when determining the secure operating limits of the <i>power system</i>, assume that the applicable <i>performance standards</i> are being met, subject to: (1) a Registered Participant notifying NEMMCO, in accordance with clause 4.15(f)5.12 (f), that a <i>performance standard</i> is not being met; or 	This change is necessary to ensure that the appropriate cross-reference is made on implementation of these proposed Rule changes.	Agree



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(2) <i>NEMMCO</i> otherwise becoming aware that a <i>performance standard</i> is not being met.		
4.9.2(b) & (b1)	 (b) Subject to paragraph <u>clause 4.9.2</u>(b1), NEMMCO may at any time give an instruction to a Scheduled Generator in relation to any of its scheduled generating units with a <u>nameplate rating of 30MW or more, or its generating systems of combined nameplate rating of 30 MW or more, nominating that:</u> (1) the generating unit <u>or generating system</u> transformer <u>is to</u> be set to a nominated tap position (if it has on-load tap changing capability); (2) the generating unit's <u>or generating system's voltage excitation control system</u> set-point <u>is to</u> be set to give a nominated voltage at its terminals; or (3) the generating unit <u>or generating system is to</u> be operated to supply or absorb a nominated level of <i>reactive power</i> at its terminals <u>or at its connection point</u>. (b1) Unless otherwise provided under an ancillary services agreement or a connection agreement, NEMMCO must not give an instruction under paragraph clause 4.9.2(b) that requires a generating unit <u>or generating system</u> to supply or absorb <i>reactive power</i> at its terminals at a level which is—outside the mandatory capability for that generating unit determined in accordance with clause S5.2.5.1 of schedule 5.2 plant's relevant performance standard. 	NEMMCO currently requires Non- Scheduled Generators to be subject to dispatch for reactive power as a condition of registration under clause 2.2.3(c) for generating systems of 30 MW or more, but NEMMCO considers that the power to dispatch reactive power from non-scheduled generating systems of 30 MW or more should be a normal part of power system security dispatch without resort to registration powers. The changes to include "generating system" and to allow that the plant might not have a conventional excitation control system and the measurement point for reactive power might be the connection point, are necessary to be consistent with the proposed amendments to clauses S5.2.5.1 and S5.2.5.13. The change to the reference to "mandatory capability" is to remove an inconsistency that arose with the introduction of the performance standards regime, which replaced the concept of a "mandatory capability" with agreed performance standards. NEMMCO should be able to dispatch reactive power within the capabilities defined by the relevant performance standard.	Wording Issue: Distribution connected wind farms often have a requirement imposed by the NSP in the connection agreement to remain within a designated voltage range to avoid affecting customer voltages. A typical case is a requirement to avoid over-voltages by absorbing reactive for high generation and low system load. Clause (b1) is only correct if NEMMCO accept the connection agreement voltage limits. The text should be changed to reflect operation within the restrictions imposed by the connection agreement and NSP operating requirements.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments				Reason	Auswind Comments
4.13(a) &(b)					These are being moved to clause 5.10.1(a) and (b), respectively after some amendments	Agree to deletion
4.14	Delete				Clauses 4.14(a) to (i) and 4.14(l) to (o) are being moved to clause 5.11.1 after some amendments. Clauses 4.14(j) and (k) are being moved to clause 5.11.2(a) and (b), respectively, after some amendments.	Agree to deletion
4.15	Delete			Clause 4.15 is being moved to clause 5.12 after some amendments.	Agree to deletion	
5.1.2(a)	5.1.2 (a)	Purpo This C (1)	Chapter: provide <i>transm</i> and ac <i>nationa</i>	es the framework for <i>connection</i> to a <i>ission network</i> or a <i>distribution network</i> cess to the <i>networks</i> forming part of the <i>al grid</i> ; and following purposesaims: to detail the principles and guidelines governing <i>connection</i> and access to a <i>network</i> ; to establish the process to be followed by a <i>Registered Participant</i> or a person intending to become a <i>Registered</i> <u>Participant</u> to establish or modify a <i>connection</i> to a <i>network</i> or to alter <i>generating plant connected</i> to a <i>network</i> ;	This change is required to clarify that Chapter 5 also deals with alterations to generating plant. The term <i>connection</i> can be ambiguous in that changes to <i>connections</i> can be interpreted as only those that change the physical link to the transmission or distribution network, whereas 5.2.5 clearly includes alterations to generating plant.	Agree



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	 (iii) to address a Connection Applicant's reasonable expectations of the level and standard of power transfer capability that the relevant network should provide; and (iv) to establish processes to ensure ongoing compliance with the technical requirements of this Chapter to facilitate management of the national grid. 		
5.1.3(b2)	 (b2) A Registered Participant or person intending to become a Registered Participant may request connection of a facility, modification of a connection, or alteration of connected plant at a standard below an automatic access standard if the connection, modification to the connection, or alteration of connected plant does not adversely affect other Registered Participants: (1) power system security; (2) as regards connection of a generating system, reliability of supply; or (3) the quality of supply to other Network Users. 	These changes are required to clarify that the provisions apply to modification of connections and alterations of connected plant. Further, previously the clause referred to any adverse effect on other Registered Participants. This is too broad a test and it is appropriate to restrict the clause to the specific instances in (1), (2) and (3).	Agree
5.2.2(b)	 (b) The <i>Rules</i> apply to <u>all</u>: (1) <u>all</u> connection agreements made after 13 December 1998; (2) <u>all</u> deemed connection agreements created pursuant to under clause 5.2.2(a); and (3) <u>all</u> requests to establish connection or modify an existing connection after 13 December 1998. 	There is no need to refer to modifications of connection in (3) as there will already be in place a connection agreement that is referred to in (1) or (2).	Agree



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5.2.2(c) & (d)	Delete	There is no need for clause 5.2.2(c). Its effect is unclear and it is confusing. Chapter 5 no longer contains mandatory technical requirements that could conflict with the connection agreement. There is no need for clause 5.2.2(d). Its operation is unclear given the obligations set out in clauses 5.2.3 (Obligations of Network Service Providers), 5.2.4 (Obligations of Customers) and 5.2.5 (Obligations of Generators).	Agree to deletion
5.2.5(a)	 (a) Each <u>A</u> Generator must plan and design its facilities and ensure that its facilities they are operated to comply with: (1) its connection agreement with a Network Service Provider the performance standards applicable to those facilities; (2) subject to clause 5.2.5(a)(1), all applicable performance standards its connection agreement with a Network Service Provider; and (3) subject to clause 5.2.5(a)(2), the system standards. 	 It is important that the performance standards take precedence over the connection agreement because: performance standards are assessed by NEMMCO in the context of system security, reliability of supply and quality of supply; application of the existing procedures has resulted in differences between connection agreements and performance standards, which must not be allowed to undermine that process; performance standards are only amended with the agreement of the parties, and any subsequent agreement should take precedence over an earlier agreement; and the connection agreement is a private arrangement between third parties and the Rules should override those 	Agree



Affected clause	Clause	with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
			agreements where the Rules cover the field, ie system security, reliability of supply and quality of supply in the NEM.	
			When the technical requirements in schedule S5.2 were mandatory, it was necessary for any variations agreed in a connection agreement to take precedence over schedule S5.2, but now that the mandatory requirements have been converted into automatic and minimum access standards that is no longer required and undermines the concept of performance standards.	
			For new connections, there should be no inconsistencies as the performance standards will be recorded in the connection agreement. NEMMCO will have imput into the drafting of the the performance standards and they will be accepted by NEMMCO subject to the connection agreement being executed.	
5.2.5(b)(1) & (2)	, í	 A Generator must: (1) submit an application to connect in respect of new or altered equipment <u>generating plant</u> owned, operated or controlled by the Generator, or to be owned, operated or controlled by the <u>Generator</u>, and enter into a connection agreement with a Network Service Provider in accordance with clause 5.3 prior to that equipment <u>generating plant</u> being connected to the network of that Network Service Provider or altered (as the case may be); 	The previous reference to altered equipment is now dealt with in clause 5.3.9.	Agree



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 (2) comply with the reasonable requirements of the relevant <i>Network Service Provider</i> in respect of design requirements of equipment generating plant proposed to be connected to the network of that Network Service Provider in accordance with clause 5.4 and schedule 5.2; 		
5.3.1	 (a) The process and procedures in this cClause 5.3 must be followed by a <i>Registered Participant</i> or person intending to become a <i>Registered Participant</i> wishing to establish or modify a connection to a network. (b) For the purposes of clause 5.3, the expression "establish a connection" Establishing a connection in this clause includes modifying an existing connection to the national grid or altering plant but does not include alterations to generating plant in the circumstances set out in clause 5.3.9. (c) A Generator wishing to alter connected generating plant 	modifications to the connection. There is generally no need to go through a full connection enquiry process for a Generator who is modifying plant, and a simplified process is more efficient.	Agree
	must comply with clause 5.3.9.		
5.3.2(a)	 (a) An existing or intending Registered Participant, or of person who is eligible to become a Registered Participant, who wishes <u>A</u> person wishing to lodge or consider is considering lodging an application to connect to a network must first make a connection enquiry by advising the Local Network Service Provider of the type magnitude and timing of the proposed connection to the network of that Local Network Service Provider. 	intending Registered Participants. Anyone can make a connection inquiry.	Agree
<u>5.3.2(e)</u>	(e) For the purposes of clause 5.3.2(d), where the performance or operation of <i>plant</i> that is the subject of an <i>application to connect</i> could be materially affected by another project, the <i>Network Service Provider</i> must provide to the <i>Connection Applicant</i> the following information about the other project sufficient to identify	for the situation where one project has an adverse impact on another project. Until now, clause 5.3.8 has prevented the NSP disclosing such information to the	Agree – Provided this is managed by the NSPs appropriately



Affected clause	Clause with pro	posed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	<u>the exte</u> (1) (2)	if an <i>application to connect</i> has been received in respect of the other project, information of the types specified in clause S5.4 but not clauses S5.4(d) or S5.4(i), consistent with the <i>application to connect</i> of the other project; and if an <i>offer to connect</i> has been made in respect of the other project, information of the types specified in clauses S5.2.4(b), and S5.5, consistent with the <i>offer to connect</i> of the other project.	information may be of critical importance to the viability of the second project and the NSP is required to negotiate in good faith. This modification attempts to address this problem by allowing the release of basic information of competing projects for which an application to connect has been received and more detailed information of competing projects for which an offer to connect has been made.	
5.3.3(b)(1)(i)		ed to be involved in planning to make the <i>ion</i> or will be involved under clause 5.3.5(f); and	This change is needed to ensure that the inquirer is told that the TNSP will be involved in the planning carried out in respect of a generating system connected to a distribution network where that generating system is more than 10 MW.	Agree
5.3.4A(a)	(a) A negoti (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	tiated access standard must: be no less onerous than the corresponding minimum access standard specified by the Network Service Provider in accordance with clause 5.3.3(b1)(2); be set at a level that will not adversely affect power system security; and be set at a level that will not adversely affect the quality of supply for other Network Users; in respect of generating plant, be set at a level that will not adversely affect reliability of supply; and in respect of generating plant, meet the	Clause 5.3.4A must reference reliability of supply as this concept is also central to the proper operation of the market. Some of the technical requirements impact reliability of supply as well as power system security (notably S5.2.5.9 and S5.2.5.12): a change to the technical envelope is treated as an impact on security in the planning framework, but in operational timeframes may be managed by actions that impact reliability to maintain security. Bases for negotiation have been added to the technical requirements in S5.2.5. These do not form part of the automatic	Agree – provided that only minimum standards that are achievable are written into the rules.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	requirements applicable to a <i>negotiated access</i> standard in clauses S5.2.5, S5.2.6, S5.2.8 and S5.2.9.	or minimum standards but explain how they are to be applied. The additional wording in $5.3.4A(a)(5)$ is required to ensure that these bases for negotiation are applied.	
5.3.4A(b)	 (b) A Network Service Provider must, following the receipt of a proposed negotiated access standard in accordance with under clause 5.3.4A(e) or 5.3.4A(f);: (1) consult NEMMCO on all matters allocated to NEMMCO under clause 5.3.3(b1)(4) and must related to the proposed negotiated access standard for which NEMMCO must be involved in the negotiation; and (2) accept NEMMCO's advice in respect of those matters in determining its response to each proposed negotiated access standard and any applicable terms or conditions of acceptance to be applied to each proposed negotiated access standard. 	The change is required to clarify the obligation to consult and where that obligation is referenced.	Agree
5.3.4A(d)	 (d) A Network Service Provider must, within 30 business days following the receipt of a proposed negotiated access standard in accordance with clause 5.3.4(e) or 5.3.4A(f)(3) accept or reject the proposed negotiated access standard. The Network Service Provider must reject the proposed negotiated access standard if connection, or alteration of the generating plant (as the case may be), at the negotiated access standard proposed by the Connection Applicant would: (1) accept the proposed negotiated access standard in NEMMCO's reasonable opinion, adversely affect power system security; or (2) reject the proposed negotiated access standard if 	This clause has been re-written to clarify the basis for rejection of proposed access standards. In paragraph (2), a reference to reliability of supply (limited to generating plant) has been added. Previously, NEMMCO could reject an application on the basis of security and the Network Service Provider on the basis of quality of supply but neither had a specific power to reject it on the basis of impact on reliability. There is a grey area between security and reliability impacts. In the operational	Agree



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	connection at the negotiated access standard proposed by the Connection Applicant would:in respect of the connection of generating plant, in NEMMCO's reasonable opinion adversely affect reliability of supply: or (i) in NEMMCO's reasonable opinion, adversely affect power system security; or (ii) in the Network Service Provider's reasonable opinion, adversely affect power system security; or (ii) in the Network Service Provider's reasonable opinion, adversely affect quality of supply for other Network Users; or (iii) in the opinion of NEMMCO (in respect of a matter allocated to NEMMCO under clause 5.3.3(b1)(4)) or in the opinion of the Network Service Provider (in respect of a matter not allocated to NEMMCO under clause 5.3.3(b1)(4)), not meet the requirements of clause 5.3.4A(a). (3) in the Network Service Provider's reasonable opinion, adversely affect quality of supply for other Network Users; or (4) in the opinion of NEMMCO or the Network Service Provider, in respect of a matter allocated to NEMMCO or the Network Service Provider, in respect of a matter allocated to NEMMCO or the Network Service Provider, in respect of a matter allocated to NEMMCO or the Network Service Provider, respect of a matter allocated to NEMMCO or the Network Service Provider, respect of a matter allocated to NEMMCO or the Network Service Provider, respectively, be lower than the corresponding minimum access standard; or (5) in respect of the connection of generating plant, in NEMMCO's reasonable opinion, not satisfy clause 5.3.4A(a)(5).	sense of security something that affects the operating envelope can often be managed by reductions in transfers on interconnectors or other major transmission network elements, which means that a security impact is translated to a reliability impact. See also comments under clause 5.3.4A(a).	
5.3.4A(g)	Delete	Submission and acceptance of performance standards and the	Agree to deletion.



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		relationship between performance standards and access standards is now dealt with in clauses 5.3.7A and 5.3.7B (transitional arrangements are in clauses 5.10 and 5.11).	
5.3.5(a)	 (a) The Network Service Provider to whom the application to connect is submitted: (1) at the automatic access standard in accordance with under clause 5.3.4; or (2) at a negotiated access standard that has been accepted by the Network Service Provider in accordance with under clause 5.3.4A(d); (3) at any applicable plant standard; must proceed to prepare an offer to connect in response. 	The reference to clause 5.3.4A(d)(1) is now clause 5.3.4A(d) because of the change described above. "a <i>Network Service Provider</i> " has been changed to "the <i>Network Service Provider</i> …" because it is specific to that connection. Clause 5.3.3(b3) deems applicable plant standards to be an automatic access standard or negotiated access standard and in other cases a plant standard may be accepted as a automatic access standard or negotiated access standard. Therefore the reference to applicable plant standard is not necessary.	Agree
5.3.5(d)(1)	(1) the performance technical requirements for the equipment to be <i>connected</i> ;	The change is for consistent usage of the terms "performance standards" and "technical requirements".	Agree
5.3.5(g)	Delete	This is no longer required due to the proposed changes in this package.	Agree to deletion.
5.3.6(e)	Delete	This clause is a legacy of the Code prior to the introduction of negotiated access standards. The concept of variations is now specifically dealt with under the negotiation of access standards between	Agree to deletion: with comment: removal of this clause takes away the TNSPs ability to consider geographic or local conditions.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments		Reason	Auswind Comments
			minimum and automatic levels.	
5.3.7(a)	(a)	If the Connection Applicant wishes to accept an offer to connect, the Connection Applicant must: (1) [Deleted] (2) enter into a negotiate a proposed connection agreement with each relevant Network Service Provider identified in accordance with clause 5.3.3(b)(2) and, in doing so, must use its reasonable endeavours to negotiate in good faith with all parties with which the Connection Applicant must enter into negotiate such a connection agreement.		Agree
<u>5.3.7</u>	(a1) (a2) (a3)	The proposed <i>connection agreement</i> must include proposed <i>performance standards</i> with respect to each of the technical requirements identified in schedules 5.2, 5.3 and 5.3a where applicable and each proposed <i>performance standard</i> must have been established in accordance with the relevant technical requirement. The proposed <i>performance standards</i> must be based on the <i>automatic access standard</i> or, if the procedures in clause 5.3.4A have been followed, the <i>negotiated access standard</i> . The Network Service Provider and the Connection Applicant must not enter into the proposed connection agreement until NEMMCO has accepted the proposed performance standard.		Agree
5.3.7(e)	Delete		This is being moved to clause 5.3.7A.	Agree to deletion.
5.3.7(f)	Delete		This is being moved to clause 5.3.7A(f).	Agree to deletion.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
<u>5.3.7A</u>	 5.3.7A Submission of Performance Standards (a) The Network Service Provider and the Connection Applicant must jointly advise NEMMCO when a proposed connection agreement has been negotiated between them and submit to NEMMCO the proposed performance standards for assessment by NEMMCO. (b) The Network Service Provider must forward to NEMMCO a copy of the proposed connection agreement and relevant technical details of the proposed plant and connection, including, as applicable: (1) details of all proposed performance standards that form part of the terms and conditions of the proposed connection agreement; (2) in relation to generating plant, the arrangements for updating the information required in accordance with clause S5.2.4(b); (c) Following receipt of the information referred to in clauses 5.3.7A(b) and S5.2.4 (if applicable) NEMMCO must assess whether, in its reasonable opinion, each proposed performance standard: (1) satisfies the technical requirements set out in schedules 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 and 5.3a subject to any derogation applicable to the plant to which the proposed performance standards apply; (2) is drafted to enable, in NEMMCO's reasonable opinion, a compliance program to be instituted and maintained in respect of the performance standard under clause 5.12(c); and (3) can be complied with, based on the information provided to NEMMCO by the Network Service Provider and the Connection Applicant. 	Throughout Chapter 5 the term 'access standard' has been adopted to refer to the automatic or negotiated standards that are recorded in the connection agreement. The standards in the connection agreement are proposed performance standards until they are accepted by NEMMCO and recorded on the register.	Where NEMMCO have the words 'copy of the proposed connection agreement' – this should be limited to the relevant technical and operational sections of the connection agreement. The commercial terms of a connection agreement are no concern of NEMMCO's.
			17



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(d) NEMMCO, or in respect of a matter concerning the quality of supply to Network Users, NEMMCO in consultation with the relevant Network Service Provider, must, when assessing the proposed performance standardfor a particular requirement based on any provision of schedules 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 and 5.3a, require a Connection Applicant to meet or exceed the minimum access standard but must not require the Connection Applicant to exceed the relevant automatic access standard for that requirement. (e) A Generator must forward to NEMMCO prior to registration relevant metering installation details of the proposed plant and connection, including: (1) (2) arrangements for the Metering Provider to obtain physical access to the metering installation. (f) NEMMCO must, within 20 business days of the receipt of the information referred to in clause 5.3.7A(e), advise the relevant Network Service Provider and Generator whether the proposed metering installation is acceptable for those metering installations associated with those connection points that are classified as metering installation types 1, 2, 3 and 4 as specified in schedule 7.2. 		
<u>5.3.7B</u>	5.3.7B Acceptance of Performance Standards (a) NEMMCO must, if it assesses that the proposed performance standard submitted under clause 5.3.7A(a): (1) satisfies the requirements set out in clause 5.3.7A(c), accept the proposed performance standard on the condition that the connection agreement is entered into; or	This clause clarifies the process and criteria for acceptance of performance standards. Note that the reference to Registered Participants in clause 5.3.7B(d) includes Connection Applicants by virtue of the definition of Registered Participant.	Agree



Affected clause	Clause	e with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
		(2) <u>does not satisfy the requirements set out in</u> <u>clause 5.3.7A(c), reject the proposed</u> <u>performance standard.</u>		
	(b)	<u>NEMMCO</u> must advise the <u>Connection Applicant</u> and the <u>Network Service Provider</u> of its decision to accept or reject the proposed <u>performance standard</u> within 30 <u>business days</u> of the receipt by <u>NEMMCO</u> of the information referred to in clauses 5.3.7A(b) and S5.2.4 (if <u>applicable</u>).		
	(c)	If NEMMCO rejects a proposed <i>performance standard</i> under clause 5.3.7B(a)(2), NEMMCO must, when advising the person under clause 5.3.7B(b) also provide the person with detailed reasons for its decision to reject the proposed <i>performance standard</i> .		
	(d)	<u>A Registered Participant whose proposed performance</u> <u>standard is rejected under clause 5.3.7B(a)(2) may</u> <u>dispute NEMMCO's decision to reject the proposed</u> <u>performance standard.</u>		
	(e)	If a dispute arising under clause 5.3.7B(d) is not resolved in accordance with clause 8.2.4 within 60 <i>business days</i> , notwithstanding any other provision in clause 8.2, the <i>Adviser</i> must refer the dispute for resolution to a <i>DRP</i> for determination in accordance with clauses 8.2.6A to 8.2.6D.		
5.3.8	5.3.8 (a)	Provision and use of informationThe data and information to be provided by a ConnectionApplicantunder clause 5.3 must be:(1)be prepared, given and used in good faith;	The protection from disclosure that was in clause $5.3.8(a)(3)$ has been limited to the point where the project becomes a " <i>considered project</i> ". The information remains confidential. (a1) is reformatted from previous rule (a)(3).	Agree
		 (2) <u>be</u> treated as <i>confidential information</i>; and (3) <u>protected from being not be</u> disclosed or made available by the recipient to a third party, except 		



Affected clause	Clause	e with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
		for the purpose of enabling Network Service Providers and NEMMCO to assess the effect of the proposed facility on the performance of the power system and determine the extent of any required augmentation or extension or for the purpose of enabling Network Service Providers to advise NEMMCO of ancillary services to be provided under a connection agreement in the circumstances set out in clauses 5.3.2(b), 5.3.8(a1), 5.3.8(a2) and 5.3.8(a3).		
	<u>(a1)</u>	The data and information to be provided under clause 5.3may be disclosed by a Network Service Provider toNEMMCO and by NEMMCO to a Network ServiceProvider for the purpose of enabling Network ServiceProviders or NEMMCO (as the case may be) to:(1)assess the effect of the proposed facility or		
		proposed alteration to generating plant (as the case may be) on the performance of the power system or another proposed facility or another proposed alteration; (2) determine the extent of any required		
		augmentation or extension; or (3) advise NEMMCO of services described in clause 3.11.4(j).		
	<u>(a2)</u>	Where a technical requirement in clause S5.2.5, S5.2.6, S5.2.8 or S5.2.9 requires a <i>Network Service Provider</i> or a <i>Generator</i> to take into account a <i>considered project</i> when negotiating an <i>access standard</i> , the data and information to be provided under clause 5.3 on the <i>considered project</i> may be disclosed by the <i>Network Service Provider</i> to the <i>Connection Applicant</i> to the extent reasonably necessary for the <i>Connection Applicant</i> to determine a proposed <i>access standard</i> for that technical requirement.		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 (a3) The data and information to be provided under clause 5.3 may only be disclosed by the recipient to a third party as allowed under clauses 3.13.3(k) and 3.13.3(k1) once: (1) a person is registered with NEMMCO as a Registered Participant in respect of the relevant plant; and (2) unless the disclosure is to a Transmission Network Service Provider, only if it does not contain data and information from which the load characteristics described in clause S5.5.5 could be derived as an identifiable component. (b) A person intending to disclose information under clause 5.3.8(a)(3)(a1) must first advise the relevant Connection Applicant of the extent of the disclosure. 		
5.3.9	 5.3.9 Procedure to be followed by a Generator proposing to alter a Generating System (a) If a Generator: (1) proposes to alter a connected generating system; or (2) proposes to alter a generating system for which performance standards have been previously accepted by NEMMCO. in a manner that will affect the performance of the generating system relative to any of the technical requirements set out in clauses S5.2.5, S5.2.6, S5.2.8 and S5.2.9, this clause 5.3.9 must first be followed by the Generator. (b) The Generator must submit to the Network Service Provider, with a copy to NEMMCO: (1) a description of the nature of the alteration and 	The existing provisions of clause 5.3 apply to modifying a connection. It is possible to alter generating plant where the alteration has an impact without actually modifying the connection. It is therefore important that the Rules be amended to specifically deal with alterations to generating plant. Clause 5.3.9 is a truncated version of the process set out to establish a connection. An important aspect of this clause is that it clarifies that a modification to plant does not require that all performance standards need to be reconsidered, just those that may be affected by the proposed change. This is necessary because some aspects of plant design are not easily modified, and requiring all	Agree with alterations to the table to ensure it is accurate. Adequate statements on design or test data should satisfy – a submission under 5.3.9(b)(4) should not be required.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed am	endments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(2) in respect details or generation schedule <u>Guidelina</u> Sheet, or (3) in respect	able for implementation; able for implementation; able for implementation; able for implementation; able for implementation system as altered, able for implementation system as altered, able for implementation; able for	performance standards to be reassessed to current standards may discourage Generators from upgrading plant.	
	and (4) proposed performation technical alteration performation applicabl proposed by applic applied to	amendments to the relevant nce standard being, for each relevant requirement for which the proposed to the equipment will affect the nce of the generating system, the e automatic access standard or a negotiated access standard determined ation of clause 5.3.4A as if that clause o the submission. e limiting clause 5.3.9(b)(4), for the		
	(c) without otherwise mining clause 5.5.9(b)(4), for the purposes of that clause, a proposed alteration to the equipment specified in column 1 of the table set out below is taken to affect the performance of the generating system relative to technical requirements specified in column 2 thereby necessitating a submission under clause 5.3.9(b)(4):			
	<u>Column 1</u> (altered equipment)	<u>Column 2</u> (<u>clause)</u>		
	machine windings	<u>\$5.2.5.1, \$5.2.5.2, \$5.2.9</u>		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments		Reason	Auswind Comments
	power converter	<u>\$5.2.5.1, \$5.2.5.2, \$5.2.5.3C,</u> <u>\$5.2.5.12, \$5.2.5.13, \$5.2.9</u>		
	reactive compensation plant	<u>\$5.2.5.1, \$5.2.5.2, \$5.2.5.3C,</u> <u>\$5.2.5.12, \$5.2.5.13</u>		
	excitation control system	<u>\$5.2.5.3C, \$5.2.5.12, \$5.2.5.13</u>		
	voltage control system	<u>\$5.2.5.3C, \$5.2.5.12, \$5.2.5.13</u>		
	governor control system	<u>\$5.2.5.11, \$5.2.5.14</u>		
	power control system	<u>\$5.2.5.11, \$5.2.5.14</u>		
	protection system	<u>\$5.2.5.3A, \$5.2.5.3B, \$5.2.5.3C,</u> <u>\$5.2.5.8, \$5.2.5.9</u>		
	auxiliary supplies	<u>\$5.2.5.1, \$5.2.5.2, \$5.2.8</u>		
	remote control and monitoring system	<u>\$5.2.5.14, \$5.2.6.1, \$5.2.6.3</u>		
	considering the su require payment of anticipated to be <u>Service Providers</u> the submission. require payment	vice Provider may, as a condition of abmission made under clause 5.3.9(b), of a fee to meet the reasonable costs incurred by it and any other Network and NEMMCO in the assessment of The Network Service Provider must of such a fee if so requested by ayment of the required fee, the Network		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments	
	Service Provider must pay such amounts as are on account of the costs anticipated to be incurred by the other Network Service Providers and NEMMCO as appropriate. (f) The Network Service Provider and the other party must immediately jointly advise NEMMCO when a variation to an existing connection agreement has been entered into between them in relation to an alteration to a generating system.			
5.3.10	 5.3.10 Acceptance of Performance Standards for Generating Plant that is Altered (a) A Generator must not commission altered generating plant until the Generator has satisfied NEMMCO that clause 5.3.9 has been complied with and each amended performance standard submitted: (1) either meets the automatic access standard applicable to the relevant technical requirement or, if the performance standard does not meet the automatic access standard, it would not be rejected if clauses 5.3.4A(a) and 5.3.4A(d) were applied at the time the submission of performance standards is received by NEMMCO; (2) is drafted to enable, in NEMMCO's reasonable opinion, a compliance program to be instituted and maintained in respect of the performance standard under clause 5.12(c); and (3) can be complied with, based on the information provided to NEMMCO. 	procedure and tests to be applied in determining whether to accept or reject proposed performance standards submitted on alteration of generating plant.	An alteration to an existing generating system should only require the performance of the plant post modification to meet its existing performance standard.	
5.4.1	5.4.1 Applicability	This change is necessary to make it clear that clause 5.4 (Design of Connected	Agree	



Affected clause	Claus	se with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
		This cClause 5.4 applies only to new installations and modifications to existing installations (including, without limitation, alterations to existing generating plant) after 13 December 1998 (in the case of installations located in participating jurisdictions other than Tasmania) and after the date that Tasmania becomes a participating jurisdiction 29 May 2005 in the case of installations located in Tasmania.	Equipment) applies to the alteration of generating plant. Also amended to clarify date when Tasmanian installations are covered.	
5.4.2	(a)	At any stage prior to commissioning the <i>facility</i> in respect of a <i>connection</i> , the <i>Registered Participant</i> or the person intending to be registered as a <i>Generator</i> must advise the relevant <i>Network Service Provider</i> and <i>NEMMCO</i> in writing of any inconsistency between the proposed equipment and the provisions of the relevant <i>connection</i> <i>agreement performance standards</i> and, if necessary, the <i>Network Service Provider</i> and the <i>Registered Participant</i> or the person intending to be registered as a <i>Generator</i> must negotiate in good faith any necessary changes to the <i>connection agreement</i> relevant <i>performance standards</i> under clause 5.3.9.	These changes are necessary to ensure that any inconsistency between the plant and the performance standards are resolved before commissioning. As the performance standards are accepted subject to the execution of the Connection Agreement the reference to connection agreement can be removed.	Auswind supports the NGF comment on this clause. NEMMCO should also be required to negotiate in good faith as they are a party to almost all negotiations
	(b)	If there is an inconsistency in a <i>connection agreement</i> <u>performance standard</u> identified in clause 5.4.2(a), the <u>Registered Participant or the person intending to be</u> <u>registered as a Generator</u> and Network Service Provider must not commission the <u>facility</u> in respect of a <u>connection</u> unless the <u>facility</u> or the <u>connection</u> <u>agreement performance standard</u> has been varied to remove the inconsistency.		
	(c)	Nothing in this clause $5.4.2$ affects the operation of clause $5.3.6(c1)$.		
5.7.3(a)	(a)	Each <i>Generator</i> must, prior to the <i>Generator</i> implementing a compliance program in accordance with clause 4.15(b)5.12(b), provide evidence to any relevant	This change is required to ensure that correct referencing is applied.	Wording – should be inclusive and add 'or generating system" where NEMMCO refer to "generating unit" as for wind farms some standards are only met at the



Affected clause	Claus	se with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
		Network Service Provider with which that Generator has a connection agreement and NEMMCO that each of its generating units complies with the applicable technical requirements of clause S5.2.5 of schedule 5.2 and the relevant connection agreement and the performance standards for that generating unit.		connection point by the generating system. This clause fails to support the principle of flexibility that NEMMCO has promoted.
5.7.3(c)	(c)	If, prior to the <i>Generator</i> implementing a compliance program in accordance with the requirements of clause 4.15(b)5.12(b), a performance test or monitoring of in-service performance demonstrates that a <i>generating unit</i> is not complying with one or more technical requirements of clause S5.2.5 of schedule 5.2 and the relevant <i>connection agreement</i> or one or more of the <i>performance standards</i> for that <i>generating unit</i> then the <i>Generator</i> must:	This change is required to ensure that correct referencing is applied.	Wording – should be inclusive and add 'or generating system" where NEMMCO refer to "generating unit" as for wind farms some standards are only met at the connection point by the generating system. This clause fails to support the principle of flexibility that NEMMCO has promoted.
5.7.3(e)	(e)	If NEMMCO: (1) is satisfied that: (i) a generating unit or generating system does not comply with its performance standards in respect of one or more technical requirements of clauses S5.2.5, S5.2.6, S5.2.8 or S5.2.9 of schedule 5.2 and the relevant connection agreement; or (ii) does not have evidence demonstrating that a generating unit complies with the technical requirements set out in clause S5.2.5 of schedule 5.2 a generating unit's or generating system's performance is not adequately represented by the applicable analytical model provided under clause 5.7.6(g) or clause S5.2.4; and	These amendments are to change the reference to technical requirements to references to performance standards, and to include inadequate models used to assess power system security as grounds for directing the Generator to operate the plant.	Agree
		(2) holds the reasonable opinion that there is, or		24



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	could be, a threat to power system security because of the performance of the generating unit or generating system, or because the inadequacy of its analytical model is adversely affecting NEMMCO's ability to assess power system security, including power transfer capabilities; and		
	(3) holds the reasonable opinion that there is or could be a threat to the <i>power system security</i> because of the performance of the <i>generating unit</i> ,		
	<i>NEMMCO</i> may direct the relevant <i>Generator</i> to operate the relevant <i>generating unit</i> <u>or <i>generating system</i></u> at a particular <i>generated</i> output or in a particular mode until the relevant <i>Generator</i> submits evidence reasonably satisfactory to <i>NEMMCO</i> that the <i>generating unit</i> <u>or</u> <u>generating system</u> is complying with the relevant technical requirement(s) <u>performance standard</u> and performing substantially in accordance with its analytical model.		
5.7.6(a1)	(a1) If NEMMCO reasonably considers that: (1) the analytical parameters for modelling of a generating unit or generating system are inadequate; or (2) available information, including results from a previous test of a generating unit or generating system are inadequate to determine parameters for an applicable model developed in accordance with the Generating System Model Guidelines, or otherwise agreed with NEMMCO under clause S5.2.4(b1)(2),	This clause gives NEMMCO a right to require an NSP to exercise its power to request testing to determine analytical parameters for modelling purposes. This is necessary because NEMMCO has a responsibility for power system security, and ability to ensure power system security is strongly affected by the quality of models used to determine stability limits.	Agree
	NEMMCO may direct a Network Service Provider to		



Affected clause	Clause	with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
		require a <i>Generator</i> to conduct a test under clause 5.7.6(a). <i>NEMMCO</i> may witness such tests.		
5.7.6(g)	(g)	The Network Service Provider must provide to a Generator such details of the analytic parameters of the model derived from the tests referred to in clause 5.7.6 for any of that Generator's generating units as may reasonably be requested by the Generator The Generator must provide the test records obtained from a test under clause 5.7.6(a) to the Network Service Provider, who must derive the analytical parameters for the applicable model developed in accordance with the Generating System Model Guidelines, or otherwise agreed with NEMMCO under clause S5.2.4(b1)(2) and provide them to NEMMCO and the relevant Generator.	This amendment gives NEMMCO access to analytical parameters derived from tests under clause 5.7.6.	Agree
5.7.6(h)	(h)	Each of the <i>Generator</i> , the <i>Network Service Provider</i> and <u>NEMMCO</u> must bear its own costs associated with tests conducted under this clause 5.7.6 and no compensation is to be payable for financial losses incurred as a result of these tests or associated activities.	This amendment adds NEMMCO and NSP to list of parties to bear their own costs for testing. (NSP previously only implied).	Excluding further testing carried out under 5.7.6(a1) at NEMMCO's request and cost.
5.10	<u>5.10</u>	Performance Standards – transitional arrangements	Clause 5.10.1(b) has been rewritten from 4.13.(b). The words "confidential	Auswind support the NGF proposed derogation and comments below.
	<u>5.10.1</u>	Submission of Performance Standards on or about the Performance Standards Commencement Date	information" have been removed because some of the information required is	A derogation is a more appropriate manner to deal with
	<u>(a)</u>	A Generator, Customer or Market Network Service <u>Provider</u> who, at the <u>performance standards</u> <u>commencement date</u> , engages in the activity of owning, <u>controlling or operating plant must</u> , within 30 days of the <u>performance standards commencement date</u> , submit to <u>NEMMCO</u> proposed <u>performance standards</u> for that <u>plant</u> , to be: (1) in the case of a person who is registered as a <u>Generator</u> in relation to that <u>plant</u> – in	considered elsewhere in the Rules to be "confidential information", but nevertheless may need to be provided. Clause 5.10.1(c) is required to correct an anomaly in the current Rules where people with signed connection agreements who were not Registered Participants at the time of the last changes to the Code (preceding the change to	transitional changes with a sunset date. Must refer to the standards outlined in 5.10.3



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	accordance with schedule 5.2; (2) in the case of a person who is registered as a Customer in relation to that plant – in accordance with schedule 5.3; or (3) in the case of a person who is registered as a Market Network Service Provider in relation to that plant –in accordance with schedule 5.3a. (b) A Network Service Provider must, on request by a person who has made a submission under clause 5.10.1(a), 5.10.1(c) or 5.10.1(d) whose facility is connected to the Network Service Provider's network, provide that person with all performance data and other information reasonably required by that person to satisfy its obligations under clauses 5.10.1(a), 5.10.1(c) and 5.10.1(d). (c) A person who, at the performance standards commencement date: (1) was not registered as a Generator, Customer or Market Network Service Provider; and (2) was either; (i) party to a connection agreement; or (ii) negotiating a connection agreement, the negotiation of which was not subject to clause 5.3.4A; and (3) who subsequent to the performance standards commencement date, but prior to the date this clause 5.10.1 became effective ("effective date"), registered as a Generator, Customer or Market Network Service Provider, and	Rules), but who subsequently became registered, are not covered by the process to create performance standards either under chapter 5 or chapter 4. This clause ensures that performance standards will now be recorded for these Participants. Clause 5.10.1(e) is required as a transitional arrangement for the introduction of the new process where performance standards are assessed before the connection agreement is signed.	20



Affected clause	Clause	e with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(d)	plant in accordance with clause 5.10.1(e).A person who at the effective date was not registered as a Generator, Customer or Market Network Service Provider, but was party to a connection agreement must, within 30 days of the effective date, submit to NEMMCO proposed performance standards for that plant in accordance with clause 5.10.1(e).		
	<u>(e)</u>	The performance standards required to be submitted under clause 5.10.1(c) and (d) must be in accordance with: (1) schedule 5.2 if they are to be registered by a Generator in relation to relevant plant;; (2) schedule 5.3 if they are to be registered by a Customer in relation to relevant plant;; or (3) schedule 5.3a if they are to be registered by a Market Network Service Provider in relation to relevant plant.		
	<u>5.10.2</u>	<u>Submission of Performance Standards where the</u> <u>Technical Requirements Change</u>		
	<u>(a)</u>	If, subsequent to the establishment of the <i>performance</i> standards a technical requirement against which those <i>performance standards</i> were assessed changes, or has changed in any respect, or a new technical requirement is inserted into the <i>Rules</i> , the relevant <i>Generator</i> , <i>Customer</i> or <i>Market Network Service Provider</i> must submit to <i>NEMMCO</i> a proposed <i>performance standard</i> for each of the changed technical requirements.	The existing Rules are deficient in that they do not deal with the situation where the technical requirements change. It is important that Generators address any changes in the technical requirements to ensure system security, reliability and quality of supply are maintained. Clause 5.10.2 is inserted to correct this omission.	Not acceptable – Open ended requirement. This provides no regulatory certainty. Participants may be required to upgrade their plants after building and agreeing performance standards.
	<u>(b)</u>	A Network Service Provider must, on request by a person who has made a submission under clause 5.10.2 whose facility is connected to the Network Service Provider's network, provide that person with all performance data and other information reasonably required by that person		20



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	to enable it to satisfy its clause 5.10.2(a) obligations. 5.10.3 Standard of Proposed Performance Standards A proposed performance standard submitted by a Generator or person under clauses 5.10.1 or 5.10.2 must be at a standard at least equal to: (a) where there is already a relevant registered performance standard, that registered performance standard; (b) where there is no relevant registered performance standard, the relevant technical requirement set out in the relevant connection agreement; and (c) where there is no relevant registered performance standard and no relevant technical requirement in the connection agreement, the relevant design performance of the plant.	This clause is required so that the performance standards submitted are not of a lesser standard than what currently is agreed or if there is no agreement, then what is technically achievable by the plant.	Subject to ongoing discussions regarding 'Grandfathering' of existing plant.
5.11	5.11 Acceptance of Performance Standards 5.11.1 Acceptance of Performance Standards lodged at or about the Performance Standards Commencement Date or in response to a change in the Technical Requirements (a) Following receipt of a proposed set of performance standards under clauses 5.10.1(a), 5.10.1(c), 5.10.1(d) 5.10.2(a) or 5.11.1(g), NEMMCO must assess whether, in its reasonable opinion, each proposed performance standard: (1) satisfies clause 5.10.3 and the technical requirements set out in schedules 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 and 5.3a as at the performance standards	Clause 5.11 reiterates the existing clause 4.14 with the necessary amendments. Clause 5.11.1(a1) deals with the situation regarding the requirement to lodge performance standards when the technical requirements change. The intent of this clause is that existing process of registering performance standards is continued for subsequent changes to performance standards (including the current proposals).	Wording (a) change 'up-to-date' to 'current' Generally agreed – Good process with comments as described below



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	<u>commencement date</u> subject to any <u>derogation</u> applicable to the <u>plant</u> to which the proposed <u>performance standards apply;</u>		
	(2) is drafted to enable, in NEMMCO's reasonable opinion, a compliance program to be instituted and maintained in respect of the performance standard under clause 5.12(c); and		
	(3) can be complied with, based on the information provided to NEMMCO by the Network Service Provider and the Connection Applicant.		
	(b) In respect of a submission under clause 5.10.1(a), 5.10.1(c), 5.10.1(d), 5.10.2, or 5.11.1(b) to 5.11.1(l) shall apply to <i>NEMMCO</i> and the person making the submission except that the references to the <i>"performance standards commencement date"</i> shall be read as referring to the date that the changes to the technical requirements, being the changes referred to in clause 5.10.2, take effect in each relevant circumstance.		
	(c) To the extent of any inconsistency between: (1) a performance standard determined in accordance with a derogation in force at the performance standards commencement date and a performance standard determined in accordance with:		
	(i) the technical requirements set out in schedules 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 and 5.3a;		
	(ii) the connection agreement applicable to the plant to which the performance standard applies; or		
	(iii) the design performance of the plant at the performance standards		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
clause	commencement date, the performance standard determined in accordance with the derogation will prevail; (2) a performance standard determined in accordance with an existing connection agreement and a performance standard determined in accordance with: (i) the technical requirements set out in schedules 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 and 5.3a; or (ii) the design performance of the plant a the performance standard determined in accordance with the connection agreement will prevail; and (3) a performance standard determined in accordance with the design performance of the plant at the performance standard determined in accordance with the design performance of the plant at the performance standard determined in accordance with the design performance standard commencement date and a performance standard commencement date and a performance standard determined in accordance with the design performance standard determined in accordance with the design performance standard commencement date and a performance standard commencement date and a performance standard determined in accordance with the design performance standard commencement date and a performance standard determined in accordance with the design performance standard commencement date and a performance standard commencement		
	5.2, 5.3 and 5.3a, the performance standard determined in accordance with the design performance of the plant will prevail. (d) NEMMCO must, if it assesses that a proposed performance standard: (1) meets the criteria set out in clause 5.11.1(a) accept the proposed performance standard; or (2) does not meet the criteria set out clause 5.11.1(a), reject the proposed performance standard.		



Affected clause	Claus	se with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	<u>(e)</u>	NEMMCO must advise the person who submitted a proposed performance standard, under clause 5.10.1(a) or 5.10.1(c), 5.10.1(d) or 5.10.2 or 5.11.1(g) of its decision to accept or reject the proposed performance standard under clause 5.11.1(d), within 60 business days of submission of the proposed performance standard to NEMMCO in accordance with clause 5.10.1(a), 5.10.1(c), 5.10.1(d), 5.10.2 or 5.11.1(g) (as the case may be).		
	<u>(f)</u>	If NEMMCO rejects a proposed <i>performance standard</i> under clause 5.11.1(d)(2), NEMMCO must, when advising the person under clause 5.11.1(e), also provide the person with detailed reasons for its decision.		
	<u>(g)</u>	If NEMMCO rejects a proposed <i>performance standard</i> under clause 5.11.1(d)(2), the person who submitted the proposed <i>performance standard</i> to NEMMCO must, within 20 business days of the date on which NEMMCO made its decision to reject the proposed <i>performance</i> <i>standard</i> , resubmit an amended proposed <i>performance</i> <i>standard</i> under clause 5.10.1(a), 5.10.1(c), 5.10.1(d) or 5.10.2 (as the case may be), taking NEMMCO's comments into consideration.		
	<u>(h)</u>	If, 11 months from the date that a person is required under clause 5.10.1(a), 5.10.1(c), 5.10.1(d) or 5.10.2 (as the case may be) to submit a proposed <i>performance</i> <i>standard</i> a <i>performance standard</i> has not been approved under clause 5.11.1(d)(1), the <i>performance standard</i> for the <i>plant</i> to which the proposed <i>performance standard</i> related is deemed to be (in order of priority):		Deeming of Performance Standards is a transitional
		 (1) the technical characteristics set out in the relevant connection agreement or, in the case of a submission made under clause 5.10.2, if there is an existing performance standard registered with NEMMCO, that performance standard; (2) if a derogation is in place, the connection 		arrangement and should be dealt with as such.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	agreement subject to the technical characteristics set out in the relevant derogation; or (3) the connection requirements of the connection point determined under schedule 5.2, 5.3 or 5.3a		
	as applicable to the <i>plant</i> and where there is an <i>automatic access standard</i> for a technical requirement, that standard.		
	(i) For the purposes of clause 5.11.1, <i>NEMMCO</i> must accept <u>a performance standard materially based on and</u> <u>consistent with a derogation applicable to the plant to</u> which the performance standard applies.		Unrealistic – this clause deems the automatic access standard. If the Plant was capable of this standard, deeming would not be necessary.
	(j) A person whose proposed <i>performance standard</i> is rejected under clause 5.11.1(d)(2) may dispute <u>NEMMCO's</u> decision to reject the proposed <i>performance</i> <i>standard</i> and will be taken to be a <i>Connection Applicant</i> for the purposes of the dispute.		
	(k)If a dispute arising under clause 5.11.1(j) is not resolved in accordance with clause 8.2.4 within 60 business days, notwithstanding any other provision in clause 8.2, the Adviser must refer the dispute for resolution to a DRP for determination in accordance with clauses 8.2.6A to 8.2.6D.		
	(1) NEMMCO, or in respect of a matter concerning the quality of supply to Network Users, NEMMCO in consultation with the relevant Network Service Provider, must, when determining the applicable performance standard for a particular requirement based on any provision of schedules 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 and 5.3a, require a person to meet or exceed the minimum access standard but must not require that person to exceed the relevant automatic access standard for that requirement.		A Generator should not be required to exceed any
	5.11.2 Access to Information for Assessment of Proposed		existing performance standard.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	Performance Standards (a) NEMMCO may request that a person who has submitted a proposed performance standard in accordance with clauses 5.3.7A (1), 5.10.1(a), 5.10.1(c), 5.10.2, 5.10.3 5.10.2 or 5.11.1(g) provides additional supporting information including, without limitation, an up-to-date version of the connection agreement, to facilitate NEMMCO's assessment of the performance standard submitted. (b) A person who receives a request from NEMMCO unde clause 5.11.2(a) must comply with the request within 1 business days of the request or such further time a agreed by NEMMCO. (c) If a clause 5.11.2(a) request relates to a clause 5.3.7A(a submission, NEMMCO must make the request within 1 business days of receiving the information referred to in clauses 5.3.7A(b) and S5.2.4. (d) A connection agreement 5.11.2(b) or 5.3.7A(b) is confidential information. (e) Performance standards and proposed performance standards are confidential information.	This clause is required to ensure NEMMCO has access to the information it requires to assess proposed performance standards. Appropriate safeguards are inserted to ensure that certain information is regarded as confidential information and so attracts the protection that the Rules afford such information.	This is another requirement to present the complete connection agreement which is not acceptable.
	 5.11.3 Register of Performance Standards (a) This clause 5.11.3(a) does not apply to generating plant An automatic access standard or, if the procedures in clause 5.3.4A have been followed, a negotiated access standard included in a connection agreement, is taken to be the performance standard applicable to the connected plant for the relevant technical requirement. If there is no automatic access standard and no minimum access standard for a technical requirement, the access standard set out in schedule 5.1, 5.3 or 5.3a (as the case may be that is relevant to that technical requirement is taken to be 	Clause 5.11.3(a) is a reworking of clause 5.3.4A(g). It has been amended so that it does not apply to generators. This is	Agree



Affected clause	Claus	e with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(b)	the performance standard applicable to the connected plant for that technical requirement.From the performance standards commencement date, NEMMCO must establish, maintain and update a register of the performance standards applicable to plant. NEMMCO must record on the register performance standards once they are accepted by NEMMCO under clauses 5.3.7B(a) or 5.11.1(d) or deemed to be performance standards under clause 5.11.1(h).	that applies to the determination of performance standards for generators. The text of the original $5.3.4A(g)$ has been amended in $5.11.3(a)$ to cover the situation where there are mandatory technical requirements. This situation was not dealt with by the original text of $5.3.4A(g)$.	
	(c) (d)	If a person becomes aware that the information utilised to obtain the acceptance of a <i>performance standard</i> is incorrect or incomplete in a material respect, that person must immediately notify <i>NEMMCO</i> of the details. If <i>NEMMCO</i> receives such a notice, or itself considers that the information used is incorrect or incomplete in a material respect, <i>NEMMCO</i> may recommence an assessment of that <i>performance standard</i> and clauses 5.3.7A, 5.3.7B, 5.10 and 5.11 and 5.12 shall apply and operate as if a submission had been made under clause 5.3.7A or 5.10 (as the case may be). This clause 5.11.3(e) operates notwithstanding that the relevant <i>performance standard</i> is registered. A <i>performance standard</i> may be amended at any time by agreement between <i>NEMMCO</i> , the relevant <i>Registered</i> <i>Participant</i> and <i>Network Service Provider</i> provided it does not adversely affect <i>power system security</i> .	Clause 5.11.3(b) imposes an obligation on NEMMCO to establish and maintain a register of performance standards. Clause 5.11.3(c) imposes an obligation on persons to notify NEMMCO if information on which a proposed performance standard was assessed is found to be incorrect. This clause is necessary to ensure that in such cases NEMMCO is made aware of the situation and so can react in the appropriate manner.	
			Clause 5.11.3(d) is inserted to introduce flexibility into the performance standard regime to change performance standards if agreed by all relevant parties.	
5.12	<u>5.12</u>	Performance Standard Compliance	Amendments are required to ensure	Auswind support the NGF comments.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(a) A Registered Participant must: (1) ensure that its plant meets or exceeds eac applicable performance standard; (2) ensure that its plant is not likely to cause material adverse effect on power system security; and	<u>a</u>	Change to ensure correct referencing - agreed This should be assessed at time of connection and not
	 (3) immediately ensure that its plant ceases to b likely to cause a material adverse effect o power system security, if: (i) the Registered Participant reasonabl believes that its plant is likely to caus a material adverse effect on powe system security; or 		be a continuous requirement, potentially requiring upgrades to plant in the future
	 (ii) <u>NEMMCO</u> advises the <u>Registere</u> <u>Participant</u> that the <u>Registere</u> <u>Participant's plant</u> is likely to cause <u>material</u> adverse effect on <u>powe</u> <u>system security</u>. 		
	(b) A Registered Participant who engages in the activity of planning, owning, controlling or operating <i>plant</i> to whice a <i>performance standard</i> applies must, within 6 months of the later of the date of the acceptance of the <i>performance</i> <i>standard</i> by <i>NEMMCO</i> or the commencement of operation of the <i>plant</i> , institute and maintain compliance program under clause 5.12(c).	$\frac{h}{f} \\ \frac{e}{f}$	Duplication with 5.7.3(b)
	(c) A compliance program instituted and maintained is accordance with clause 5.12(b) must: (1) monitor the performance of the plant is accordance with the compliance program; (2) ensure that the plant complies with the relevant performance standards;	<u>n</u>	



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(3) be in accordance with good electricity industry practice; and (4) provide reasonable assurance of ongoing compliance with each applicable performance standard.		
	(d)The AER may request that a Registered Participant who is required to institute and maintain a compliance program under clause 5.12(b) or 5.7.4(a1), deliver to the AER:(1)the compliance program records setting out the		
	results of the performance monitoring conducted under clause 5.12(f); and(2)any other records maintained under clause 5.7.3 or 5.7.4, if applicable.		
	(e) Each Registered Participant must maintain the compliance program records and any other records developed or maintained under clause 5.7.3 or 5.7.4 for 7 years and deliver such records to the <i>AER</i> under clause 5.12(d) within 2 <i>business days</i> of the date of a request or such further period as the <i>AER</i> requires.		
	(f) A Registered Participant who engages in the activity of planning owning, controlling or operating plant to which a performance standard applies must immediately notify <u>NEMMCO if:</u>		
	 (1) the Registered Participant becomes aware that the plant is breaching a performance standard applicable to the plant; or (2) the Registered Participant reasonably believes that the plant is likely to breach a performance 		
	<u>standard</u> applicable to the <u>plant</u> . (g) A clause 5.12(f) notice must detail:		



Affected clause	Claus	e with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
		(1) the reason for actual or likely non-conformance of the <i>plant</i> with the relevant <i>performance</i> <u>standard;</u>		
		(2) the actual or likely time of commencement of non-conformance of the <i>plant</i> with the relevant <i>performance standard</i> ;		
		(3) the expected duration of non-conformance of the plant with the relevant performance standard; and		
		(4) the expected performance of the <i>plant</i> in <u>comparison with the relevant <i>performance</i></u> <u>standard.</u>		
	<u>(h)</u>	A <i>Registered Participant</i> who has notified <i>NEMMCO</i> under clause 5.12(f) must notify <i>NEMMCO</i> that its <i>plant</i> has returned to compliance with the <i>performance</i> <i>standard</i> immediately following the return of the <i>plant</i> to compliance.		
	<u>(i)</u>	Subject to clause 5.12(g), if:		
		(1) a <i>Registered Participant</i> notifies <i>NEMMCO</i> in accordance with clause 5.12(f); or		
		(2) NEMMCO otherwise reasonably believes that the plant of a Registered Participant in respect of which a performance standard applies is in breach of that performance standard.		
		<u>NEMMCO</u> must, determine the period of time within which a <u>Registered Participant</u> must rectify a <u>performance standard</u> breach under clause 5.12(j), and advise the <u>Registered Participant</u> of that period.		
	<u>(j)</u>	When determining the period of time within which a <i>Registered Participant</i> must rectify a <i>performance</i> standard breach under clause 5.12(i), <i>NEMMCO</i> must		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	take into consideration: (1) the time necessary, in NEMMCO's reasonable opinion, to provide the Registered Participant with the opportunity to remedy the breach; and (2) the need to act to remedy the breach given the nature of the breach.		
	 (k) If <i>plant</i> remains in breach of a <i>performance standard</i> for a period of time greater than that advised under clause 5.12(i), <i>NEMMCO</i> must notify the <i>AER</i> of the breach. (1) The effectiveness of a compliance program established under clause 5.12(b) must be taken into consideration in any proceeding against a <i>Registered Participant</i> for a breach of clause 5.12(a). 		
	 (m) Any clause 5.7.3(c) obligation imposed on a <i>Generator</i> ceases to operate upon commencement of a compliance program by the <i>Generator</i> under this clause 5.12. 		
S5.1.7(c) and (d)	(c) A Network Service Provider must include conditions in connection agreements to ensure that each Generator will balance the voltage generated in each phase of its generating units and, when not generating, the current drawn in each phase, so as to achieve average levels of negative sequence voltage at each of the generating unit connection points due to phase imbalances within the generating plant not more than:		There is concern with the open end nature of clause (d). This is an NSP planning obligation not the generators. Any requirements on generator should be in S5.2 (as they are).
	 Automatic access standard: the values set out in Table S5.1a.1 and clause S5.1a.7; Minimum access standard: the values determined by the Network Service Provider to achieve average levels of negative sequence voltage at the connection points of other Network Users of not more than the values set out in Table S5.1a.1 and 		This clause should deal with the allowable amount of negative sequence voltage on the network.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 clause S5.1a.7. (d) The <i>Network Service Provider</i> and <i>Generator</i> may include in the <i>connection agreement</i> a requirement to upgrade performance to an agreed level not higher th the <i>automatic access standard</i> if, at any time in the future, another <i>Network User</i> is adversely affected b negative sequence voltage or current imbalance beca of this <i>generating plant</i>. 	an V	This is an open-ended requirement, potentially requiring unknown upgrades to plant in the future. It defeats the purpose for having a negotiated or minimum standard.
S5.2.1(a)	 (a) This schedule sets out details of additional requirem and conditions which that (subject to clause Generators must satisfy as a condition of connection generating unit to the power system. It does not app any generating unit(s) in so far as the person who o controls or operates them is exempt from registration Generator in respect of those generating unit accordance with clause 2.2.1(c) of the Rules and w are connected or intended for use in a manner which Network Service Provider considers is unlikely to can material degradation in the quality of supply to end to a subject to an exemption from registration used issued under clause 2.2.1(c), and which is connected or intended for use in a material degradation in the quality of supply to end to be a subject to an exemption from registration used under clause 2.2.1(c), and which is connected or intended for use in a material degradation in the quality of supply to end to be a subject to an exemption under any guide issued under clause 2.2.1(c). and which is connected or intended for use in a material degradation in the quality of supply other Network Users. 	 5.2) that small generating systems that are eligible for exemption do not need to comply with the requirements of schedule 5.2 whether or not they are registered. The existing wording could be taken to mean that plant that is eligible for an exemption under the guidelines must still satisfy the technical requirements unless the owner or operator has formally sought and been granted exemption under clause 2.2.1. 	Agree
S5.2.1(d)	Delete	Clause S5.2.1(d) adds nothing and is not	Agree with deletion



Affected clause	Clause with propo	sed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
			needed. It is misleading to state that negotiated access standards are derived from minimum access standards. The obligation to record standards in a connection agreement is a requirement of clause 5.3, not this schedule. The registration of performance standards is a requirement of clause 4.14, not this schedule.	
\$5.2.3	(a) A Generato must use all technical n	to be co-ordinated or and the relevant <i>Network Service Provider</i> reasonable endeavours to agree upon relevant natters in respect of each new or altered of a <i>generating unit</i> <u>or <i>generating system</i></u> to a luding: design at the <i>connection point</i> ; physical layout adjacent to the <i>connection</i> <i>point</i> ; primary protection and backup protection (clause S5.2.5); control characteristics (clause S5.2.5); communications <u>facilities</u> <u>and</u> <u>alarms</u> (clause S5.2.6); insulation co-ordination and lightning <u>protection (clause S5.2.3(b));</u> fault levels and fault clearance <i>times</i> (clause S5.2.9); switching and isolation facilities (clause	These changes are necessary to ensure that the network constructed by a Generator complies with appropriate design criteria consistent with Australian Standards and good Electricity Industry practice. These are similar to the requirements already imposed on Customers (clauses S5.3.2 and S5.3.9) and Market Network Service Providers (clause S5.3a.5 and S5.3a.12) and it is considered a serious omission that similar requirements have not applied to power stations high voltage plant. For example, insulation co-ordination is essential to ensure that plant is not damaged by lightning strikes.	Agreed with comments



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	<u>\$5.2.9);</u>		
	(<u>9</u> ;) interlocking <u>and synchronising</u> arrangements; and		
	(<u>10</u>) metering installations—as described in Chapter 7 of the Rules.		
	(b) A Generator must ensure that in designing a generating system's electrical plant operating at the same nominal voltage as at the connection point, including any substation for the connection of the generating system to the network:		Rules cannot require plant to not comply with the Australian standards? Also:
	(1) the <i>plant</i> complies with the relevant <u>Australian Standards</u> unless a provision of these Rules allows or requires otherwise;		Given that most equipment is sourced from overseas and Australia is only a very small market for the suppliers, recognised International Standards should be allowed as well.
	(2) the earthing of the <i>plant</i> complies with the Electricity Supply Association of Australia Safe Earthing Guide to reduce step and touch potentials to safe levels;		
	(3) the <i>plant</i> is capable of withstanding, without damage the voltage impulse levels specified in the <i>connection agreement</i> ;		
	(4) the insulation levels of the <i>plant</i> are co- ordinated with the insulation levels of the <i>network</i> to which the <i>generating system</i> is <i>connected</i> as specified in the <i>connection</i> <i>agreement</i> ; and		
	(5) safety provisions in respect of the <i>plant</i> comply with requirements applicable to the <i>participating jurisdiction</i> in which the <i>generating system</i> is located, as notified by the Network Service Provider.		



Affected clause	Clause	with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
S5.2.4	(a)	 Provision of information The <u>A</u> Generator or person who has negotiated a proposed connection agreement for connection of a generating system and advised NEMMCO of this under clause 5.3.7A(a) must promptly on request by NEMMCO or the Network Service Provider provide all data of the kinds specified in schedule 5.5 reasonably required by NEMMCO of the Network Service Provider or the Generating System Model Guidelines, Generating System Design Data Sheet, or Generating System Setting Data Sheet about its generating systems. Three months before first synchronisation a Generator must, in respect of each proposed scheduled generating unit, provide In respect of an existing or proposed generating system comprised of generating units with a combined nameplate rating of 30 MW or more, by the earlier of: (1) the date on which proposed performance standards or amendments to performance standards are submitted to NEMMCO under clause 5.3.7A(a), 5.3.9(b). 5.10.1(a), 5.10.1(c) or 5.10.1(d); (2) three months before commissioning of a generating system ; and (3) 5 business days before commissioning of an unplanned alteration to a generating system; the Generator, or person required under the Rules to register as the Generator, must provide: (4) to NEMMCO and the relevant Network Service Providers (including the relevant Transmission Network Service Provider in respect of an existen or plane. 	The term "scheduled" generating unit has been changed to "generating system comprised of generating units with combined nameplate rating of 30 MW or more" to extend the clause to cover large non-scheduled generating systems (eg some wind farms). The term <i>generating system</i> has also been extended to cover reactive power equipment. The obligation in clause S5.2.4(a) has been extended to an intending Generator that has entered into a connection agreement, because the information is required before registration. The references to schedules S5.5.1 and S5.5.2 have been changed to refer to the documents to be made under clause S5.5.7. The requirement for information in S5.2.4(b) has been extended to cover control systems that are applied to the generating system (as well as those applying to the generating unit), and including controls of such things as Statcoms and SVCs that contribute to the performance of the generating system.	Wording issues: Must be an alteration that will affect performance standards At the end of (b) (3) or equivalent, words that require the alteration to be such "that would change the performance characteristics of the generating unit or generating system".



Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
<u>embedded generating unit)</u> and any relevant <u>Distribution Network Service Provider</u> with the following information about the generating <u>unit's</u> control systems for frequency control and <u>voltage control</u> of the <u>generating system</u> :		
 a set of functional block diagrams, including all functions between feedback signals and <i>generating unit</i> output; 		
 (ii) the parameters of each functional block, including all settings, gains, time constants, delays, deadbands and limits; and 		
(iii) the characteristics of non-linear elements; <u>and</u>		
(5) to <i>NEMMCO</i> only, simulation source code in an unencrypted form suitable for at least one of the software simulation products nominated by <i>NEMMCO</i> and in a form that would allow conversion for use with other software simulation products by <i>NEMMCO</i> ,		
sufficient for <i>NEMMCO</i> and <i>Network Service Providers</i> to perform load flow and dynamic simulation studies.		
The information provided must be updated within 3 months after commissioning tests or other tests undertaken in accordance with clause 5.7.3 of the <i>Rules</i> are completed. The <i>connection agreement</i> must record the process for subsequently changing this information. Conformance with the requirements described in this clause is the responsibility of the <i>Generator</i> and is subject to the provisions of clause 5.7.3(f) of the <i>Rules</i>		
	embedded_generating_unit) and any-relevant Distribution Network Service Provider with the following information about the generating unit's control systems for frequency control and voltage control of the generating system: (i) a set of functional block diagrams, including all functions between feedback signals and generating unit output; (ii) the parameters of each functional block, including all settings, gains, time constants, delays, deadbands and limits; and (iii) the characteristics of non-linear elements; and (5) to NEMMCO only, simulation source code in an unencrypted form suitable for at least one of the software simulation products nominated by NEMMCO and in a form that would allow conversion for use with other software simulation products by NEMMCO, sufficient for NEMMCO and Network Service Providerg to perform load flow and dynamic simulation studies. The information provided must be updated within 3 months after commissioning tests or other tests undertaken in accordance with clause 5.7.3 of the Rules are completed. The connection agreement must record the process for subsequently changing this information. Conformance with the requirements described in this clause is the responsibility of the Generator and is	embedded generating unit) and any relevant Distribution Network Service Provider with the following information about the generating unit's control systems for frequency control and voltage-control of the generating system: (i) a set of functional block diagrams, including all functions between feedback signals and generating unit output; (ii) the parameters of each functional block, including all settings, gains, time constants, delays, deadbands and limits; and (iii) the characteristics of non-linear elements; and (5) to NEMMCO only, simulation source code in an unencrypted form suitable for at least one of the software simulation products nominated by NEMMCO and in a form that would allow conversion for use with other software simulation products by NEMMCO. sufficient for NEMMCO and Network Service Providers to perform load flow and dynamic simulation studies. The information provided must be updated within 3 months after commissioning tests or other tests undertaken in accordance with clause 5:7.3 of the Rules are completed. The connection agreement must record the process for subsequently changing this information. Conformance with the requirement described in this clause is the responsibility of the Generator and is subject to the provisions of clause 5:7.3(f) of the Rules



Affected (clause	Clause wi	th proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
((b2) T (<u>c</u>) (<u>c</u>)	 voltage or frequency disturbances on the power system, and which are either integral to the generating units or otherwise part of the generating system, including, without limitation, those applying to reactive power equipment that forms part of the generating system; conform with the applicable models developed in accordance with the Generating System Model Guidelines, or an alternative model agreed with NEMMCO to be necessary to adequately represent the generating plant to carry out load flow and dynamic simulations. the Generator must update the information provided nder clause S5.2.4(b) within 3 months after commissioning tests or other tests undertaken in cordance with clause 5.7.3 are completed. or the purposes of clause 5.3.2(d) of the Rules, the echnical information that a Network Service Provider nust, if requested, provide to a Connection Applicant in espect of the proposed connection for a generating unit to cludes: the highest expected single phase and three phase fault levels at the connection point with the generating unit not synchronised; the clearing times of the existing protection at which the new connection would be connected into the existing transmission system; 	Clause S5.2.4(c) covers the information that the NSP is required to give to the Connection Applicant if requested. It has been extended to cover power system modelling information necessary to perform assessments required under clause S5.2.5.	Wording in clause (c) (1), (3) and (4) - the word "synchronised" should read "connected" as wind farms are generally asynchronous.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	harmonic voltage distortion and vo unbalance at the connection point with generating unit not synchronised;		
	 (4) technical information relevant to the <i>conne</i> point with the generating unit not synchrodincluding equivalent source imperinformation, sufficient to estimate fault be voltage fluctuations, harmonic voltage distance (for harmonics relevant to the generation system) and voltage unbalance; and 	nised ance vels, rtion	
	(5) any other information or data not confidential information relating to performance of the Network Service Prove facilities—national grid that is reaso necessary for the Connection Applican prepare an application to connect, inclu- without limitation:	the der's hably t to	
	(i) a model of the <i>power system</i> , incl relevant <i>considered projects</i> and range of expected operating condi sufficient to carry out load flow dynamic simulations; and	the ions,	
	(ii) information on inter-regional intra-regional power tra capabilities and relevant plant ration	<u>nsfer</u>	
	except where the <i>Connection Applicant</i> agrees Network Service Provider may provide alternative of detailed technical information in satisfaction of clause S5.2.4(c).	less	
	(d) All information provided under this clause S5.2.4 mu treated as <i>confidential information</i> .		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
S5.2.5.1	 Reactive power capability For the purpose of this clause \$5.2.5.1: <i>'rated_active_power_output'_means_the_'</i>Rated_MW (Generated)' (as defined in schedule 5.5.1) for the relevant synchronous generating unit; and <i>'nominal voltage'</i> means the 'Nominal voltage at connection to Network' (as defined in schedule 5.5.1) at the connection point for the relevant synchronous generating unit. (a) Automatic access standard: Each synchronous generating unit or generating system, while operating at any level of active power output and any voltage at the connection point within the limits established under clause \$5.1.4 without a contingency event, must be capable of(1)—supplying and capable of absorbing, continuously at its connection point an amount of reactive power of at least the amount equal to the product of the rated active power of at least the amount that would be absorbed equal to the product of the rated active power of at least the amount that would be absorbed equal to the product of the rated active power of the generating unit at nominal voltage and 0.395.	The definition of rated active power has been replaced to remove reference to Schedule 5.5.1, and remove technology- specific wording. Reference to S5.5.1 has been removed because this schedule is to be replaced and the replacement documents may no longer contain that reference.	Comments to be taken into account. Agreed but not at any voltage level as identified in \$5.2.5.1(a).
	(b) <i>Minimum access standard</i> : No <u>capability is</u> require <u>dment</u> to supply or absorb <i>reactive power</i> at the <i>connection point</i> .		
	 (c) When negotiating an access standard the Generator and the Network Service Provider: (1) may in accordance with clause 5.3.4A of the Rules, negotiate a must, subject to any agreement under clause \$5.2.5.1(d)(4), ensure that the reactive power capability of the generating unit 		Requirements at the connection point are all that should be required for generating systems. Generators should also be able to negotiate the point at which the requirement is met (connection point or



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 or generating system is sufficient to ensure that all relevant system standards are met before and after under system normal andcredible contingency events operating conditions under normal and planned outage operating conditions of the power system, taking into account at least existing and considered projects; (2) may negotiate either a range of reactive power absorption and supply, or a range of power factor, at the connection point, within which the plant must be operated; and; (3) may negotiate a limit that describes how the reactive power capability varies as a function of active power output active power output due to a design characteristic of the plant. (d) The Generator may reach a commercial arrangement with the Network Service Provider or a Registered Participant for the provision of reactive power capability sufficient to ensure the Generator's obligation under this clause is met. If the proposed generating system is not capable of the level of performance established under clause S5.2.5.1(c)(1), the Network Service Provider for the provision of the deficit of reactive power (supply and absorption) from within the network; (2) allow the Generator to install additional equipment connecting at the generating system's deficit of reactive power (supply and absorption), which equipment is deemed to be part of the generating system; 	Sub-clauses (2) and (3) specify greater details about what can be negotiated and this will mean that alternative methods of providing reactive power capability more economically will be explicitly available. The automatic access standard has been extended to apply to any technology, and not just to synchronous plant, and to apply to generating systems. The basis of negotiation has been amended to clarify it, and provide flexibility in the way that reactive power is specified.	machine terminals)



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(3) allow the <i>Generator</i> to reach a commercial arrangement with a <i>Registered Participant</i> to provide the deficit of <i>reactive power</i> (supply and absorption); or		
	(4) if the inability to meet the performance level only occurs for particular operating conditions, agree to and document as part of the <i>access standard</i> , operational arrangements by which the <i>plant</i> can achieve an agreed level of performance for those operating conditions.		
	(e) The access standard must record, the agreed value for rated active power and where relevant the method of determining the value. The value for a generating system must take into account its in-service generating units and additional reactive power equipment that is part of the generating system.		
	(f)(e) The access standards for consumption of energy by a Generatorgenerating system when not supplying or absorbing reactive power under an ancillary services agreement are to be determined in accordance withare to be established under clause S5.3.5 of schedule 5.3 as if the Generator were a Market Customer.		
85.2.5.2	Quality of electricity generated (a) Automatic access standard: (1) The plant standard in accordance with elause \$5.2.5.2(c); or (2) Each generating systemunit, when generating must generate a constant voltage level, and when not generating, must not produce at any of its connection points for generationdraw electricity, with:	To allow for the possibility that the generating system has multiple connection points. The words 'for generation' are necessary to distinguish between auxiliary supply connection points and generation connection points.	Agree



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(i) voltage fluctuation equal to or lessgreater than the limits determined <u>allocated</u> by the Network Service Provider in accordance with <u>under</u> clause S5.1.5(a); and		
	 (ii) harmonic voltage distortion equal to or lessgreater than the emission limits determinedspecified by a plant standard under clause S5.2.5.2(d) or allocated by the Network Service Provider in accordance withunder clause S5.1.6(a); and 		
	(iii) voltage unbalance equal to or lessgreater than the limits allocated by the <i>Network</i> <i>Service Provider</i> in accordance with clause S5.1.7(c)(1).		
	(b) Minimum access standard: Each generating unitsystem, when generating and when not generating, must not produce at any of its connection points for generation:		
	(1) must generate a constant voltage fluctuations greater than limits determined under clause S5.1.5(b); level with balanced phase voltages and		
	(2) harmonic voltage distortion equal to or lessmore than the lesser of the emission limits determined by the relevant Network Service Provider in accordance withunder clauses \$5.1.5(b) and \$5.1.6(b) and elause \$5.1a.7 of the system standards specified by a plant standard under clause \$5.2.5.2(d); and		
	 (3) voltage unbalance more than limits determined under clause S5.1.7(c)(2). (c) The access standard negotiated under clause S5.2.5.2 	The AS 1359.101 refers to a superseded version of IEC 60034-1. Amendment is to include current version of IEC 60034-1	



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 must not prevent the Network Service Provider meeting the system standards or contractual obligations to existing Network Users. (d) Plant standard: In respect of a When operating unsynchronised, each synchronous generating unit. AS 1359.101 and IEC 60034-1 are plant standards for must generate a constant voltage level with balanced phase voltages and harmonic voltage distortionequal to or less than permitted in accordance with Australian Standard AS 1359 "General Requirements for Rotating Electrical Machines". 		
\$5.2.5.3	Deleted	The purpose of S5.2.5.3, and the clauses that replace it, is to set standards to prevent cascading events occurring on the power system. The mandatory standards (for frequency and voltage) have been translated to automatic access standards, and new minimum standards and basis for negotiation have been defined for each clause. This clause has been deleted and separated into three clauses S5.2.5.3A, S5.2.5.3B and S5.2.5.3C for frequency, voltage and system disturbances respectively. The separation was necessary because when the frequency and voltage requirements are expressed as minimum and automatic standards it is necessary to clearly distinguish between the three sets of automatic standards and three sets on minimum access standards.	Agreed



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
<u>S5.2.5.3A</u>	Generating unit response to frequency disturbances (a) For the purposes of clause S5.2.5.3A, a reference to "normal operating frequency band", "operational frequency tolerance band" or "extreme frequency excursion tolerance limits" is a reference to the widest range specified for that term for any condition (including an "island" condition) in the frequency operating standards that apply to the region in which the generating unit is located. (b) Automatic access standard: Each generating unit must be capable of continuous uninterrupted operation for frequencies in the following ranges provided that the rate of change of frequency is less than 4 Hz per second: (1) the lower bound of the extreme frequency excursion tolerance limits to the lower bound of the operational frequency tolerance band for at least 2 minutes; (2) the lower bound of the operational frequency tolerance band to the lower bound of the normal operating frequency band, for at least 10 minutes including any time spent in the range under clause S5.2.5.3A(b)(1); (3) the normal operating frequency band for an indefinite period; (4) the upper bound of the normal operating frequency band to the upper bound of the operational frequency band, for at least 10 minutes including any time spent in the range under clause S5.2.5.3A(b)(5); and (5) the upper bound of the operational frequency tolerance band, tor at least 10 minutes including any time spent in the range under clause S5.2.5.3A(b)(5); and (5) the upper bound of the operational frequency tolerance band to the upper bound of the extreme frequency tolerance limits for	Clause S5.2.5.3A(a) is required to clarify which of the various values of the frequency standard terms applies in a particular situation. Note that many frequency bands and limits in Tasmania are different compared with those in the other regions. The automatic access standard is based on the existing mandatory standard, but more explicit in terms of how the various frequencies are to be applied. The partial load rejection clause (S5.2.5.4) has been deleted, and instead, in S5.2.5.3A rate of change of frequency has been specified for automatic and minimum standards. This is more technology neutral than the partial load rejection concept, and is more appropriate for wind generation.	NEMMCO have related the generator performance directly to the Frequency standards of the Reliability Panel. What is the cost benefit of requiring all generators wishing to connect to Tasmania to meet the automatic standard? This is implied in the NEMMCO notes. – For further discussion on the setting of standards please see detailed notes on this clause. Additional requirements have been imposed in addition to those required for intermittent generation. These include the acceptable rates of change of frequency in both automatic and minimum access standards. Depending on time of event and system demand the rate of change of frequency on the system will vary. Many combustion turbine Generators are not able to satisfy the extreme under-frequency requirements, particularly at elevated ambient temperatures (eg>35C).

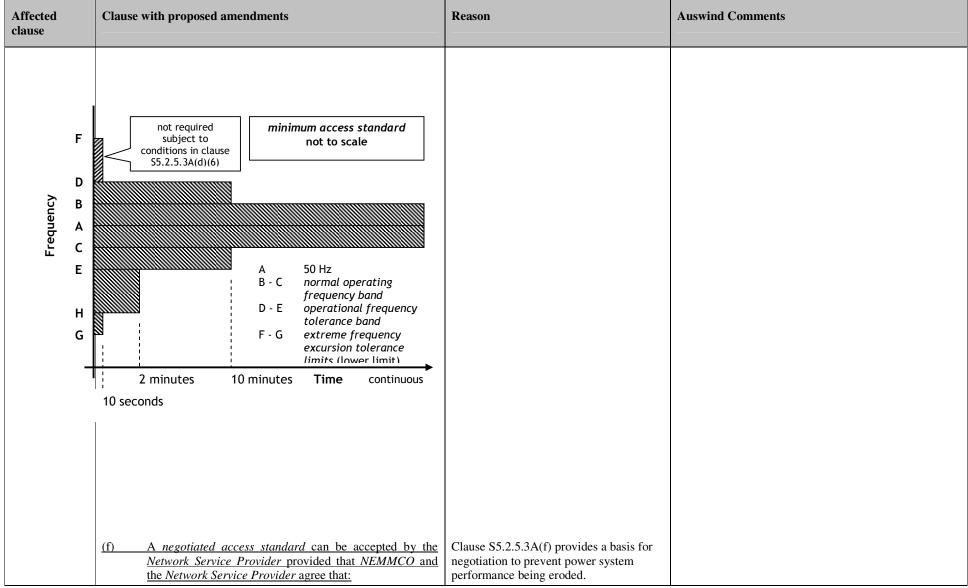


Affected clause	Clause	e with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	<u>(c)</u>	<u>at least 2 minutes.</u> <u>The automatic access standard is illustrated in the</u> <u>following diagram.</u> To the extent of any inconsistency <u>between the diagram and clause S5.2.5.3A(b), clause</u> <u>S5.2.5.3A(b) prevails.</u>		
	Frequency	F automatic access standard D B A C E A G F - G extreme frequency	ing d equency	
	<u>(d)</u>	2 minutes 10 minutes Time con Minimum access standard: Each generating unit must be capable of continuous uninterrupted operation for frequencies in the following ranges provided the rate of change of frequency does not exceed 1 Hz per second: (1) lower bound of the extreme frequency excursion tolerance limits to 47.5 Hz for at least 10 seconds; (2) 47.5 Hz to lower bound of the operational frequency tolerance band for at least 2 minutes; for at least 2 minutes;	The minimum standard allows a relaxation of the durations for which the generating unit must operate. The value of 47.5 Hz comes from the IEC60034 standard as the minimum frequency level for continuous operation. The value of 4 Hz/sec is based on expected performance in Tasmania for loss of high Basslink import.	 (1) as a minimum standard this is unacceptable as it eliminates a number of different technologies from being connected. Some wind turbines have a diminishing time period below 47.5 Hz, 9 sec but not 10 sec. Gas turbines would not meet this standard, particularly in Tasmania. NEMMCO's note infers that only the automatic standard should allowed in Tasmania. This sets an extreme limit on the type of technology that could be considered. Most wind turbines will perform to 47.5 Hz continuously. Some will perform continuously to 47 Hz. References to absolute frequency limits should be



Affected clause	Clause with pr	roposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	fc	 lower bound of the <i>operational frequency</i> tolerance band to the lower bound of the normal operating frequency band for at least 10 minutes including any time spent in the ranges under clauses S5.2.5.3A(d)(1) and (2); normal operating frequency band for an indefinite period; upper bound of the normal operating frequency band to the upper bound of the operational frequency tolerance band for at least 10 minutes including any time spent in the ranges under clause S5.2.5.3A(d)(6); and in respect of a generating unit that: (i) is part of a generating system comprised of generating of 30 MW or more; or (ii) does not have a protection system to trip the generating unit if the frequency tolerance band to the upper bound of the operational frequency exceeds a level agreed with NEMMCO, the upper bound of the operational frequency tolerance band to the upper bound of the operational frequency excursion tolerance limits (including islanded conditions) for at least 10 seconds. 	Small generating systems that are fitted with settable trip relays are permitted to trip for over-frequencies above the upper bound of the operational frequency tolerance band. This will ensure that they do not trip for credible contingency events.	removed. This may lead to a situation in which the minimum access standard may exceed the automatic should the reliability panel change the frequency criteria. (1) may still not be possible for many combustion turbine Generators, particularly at elevated ambient temperatures (eg>35C) and/or when combined with extreme voltage levels outside IEC60034. More latitude is required to allow different technologies to define an acceptable negotiated standard. Reference should be made to the standard rather than extracting figures from it.







Affected clause	Clause v	vith proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
		(1) the proposed <i>access standard</i> is as close as practicable to the <i>automatic access standard</i> while respecting the need to protect the <i>plant</i> from damage;		In a small enough island, this would be inevitable for any generator.
		(2) the <i>frequency</i> would be unlikely to fall below the lower bound of the <i>operational frequency</i> <i>tolerance band</i> as a result of over-frequency tripping of <i>generating units</i> ; and		
		(3) there would be no material adverse impact on quality of <i>supply</i> to other <i>Network Users</i> or on <i>inter-regional</i> or <i>intra-regional power transfer</i> <i>capability.</i>		
		NEMMCO must be involved in the negotiation of access standards under clause S5.2.5.3A.		
<u>\$5.2.5.3B</u>	<u>(a)</u>	ing unit response to voltage disturbances Automatic access standard: Each generating unit must be capable of continuous uninterrupted operation during the occurrence voltage at the connection point: (1) in the range of over-voltages for the durations permitted under clause S5.1a.4; (2) in the range 90% to 100% of normal voltage continuously;	The voltage-recovery conditions that were previously included in the automatic standard (but not in the minimum standard) have been merged with the voltage excursions clause S5.2.5.3B because withstanding a voltage disturbance should not rely on there being a fault.	Needs further work and discussion. Again this clause is referred to the unit level and contradicts NEMMCO's principle of allowing flexibility. The performance of the generating system to voltage disturbances is likely to include the response of auxiliary equipment to support the generating system – wind farm. Lower voltages are already significantly lower than IEC60034.
		 (3) in the range 80% to 90% of normal voltage for a period of at least 10 seconds; and (4) in the range 70% to 80% of normal voltage for a period of at least 2 seconds. 	The previous mandatory standard for over-voltages has been translated to the automatic standard. The previous standard referred to S5.1a.4 also for the under-voltage, which allows voltages to	70-90% of normal voltage is not realistic except for
		Minimum access standard: Each generating unit must be capable of continuous uninterrupted operation for voltages at the connection point in the range 90% to 110% of normal voltage, provided that the ratio of	drop to zero for an indefinite period. It is not practical for generating plant to ride through such voltages. The clause has therefore been amended to include	transient conditions. This is +/-10% on the normal voltage where the automatic standard is only requiring up to 100% of normal. In addition it conflicts with S5.1a.4 which only



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 voltage to <i>frequency</i> (as measured at the <i>connection point</i> and expressed as percentage of <i>normal voltage</i> and a percentage of 50 Hz) does not exceed: 115% for more than two minutes or 115% for more than 10 minutes. (c) Each generating unit must be capable of <i>continuous</i> uninterrupted operation for the range of voltages specified in the automatic access standard except where NEMMCO and the Network Service Provider agree that: the proposed access standard is as close as practicable to the automatic access standard while respecting the need to protect the plant from damage; the generating plant that would be tripped, as a result of any voltage excursion within levels specified by the automatic access standard, is not more than 100 MW; and there would be no material adverse impact on the quality of supply to other Network Users or on <i>inter-regional or intra-regional power</i> transfer capability. (d) The access standard must include any operational arrangements necessary to ensure the generating unit will meet its agreed performance levels under abnormal <i>network</i> or generating system conditions. (e) In carrying out assessments of proposed access standards under clause S 5.2.5.3B, NEMMCO and the Network Service Provider must take into account, without limitation the expected performance of existing networks 	 reasonable voltage bands for the automatic access standard. The minimum access standard has been relaxed to only require continuous operation with normal voltage plus or minus 10% at the connection point with allowance for frequency changes that affect magnetic flux levels. This will allow more flexibility to negotiate connection where tripping would not cause cascading failure of other generating units. Clauses (c) and (d) set the basis for negotiation and place strict conditions on the allowance of access standards below the automatic level, to ensure that power system security, reliability of supply (in terms of impact on transfer capability) and quality of supply are not put at risk. 	 requires 110% of normal voltage for 10 minutes. This is a higher obligation than that of the automatic access standard (S5.1a.4) Clause S5.2.5.3B(c)(2) says that if the amount of generation plant at risk of tripping (due to this negotiated standard) (as a result of excursions the size of the automatic standard) is less than 100MW, and (1) and (3) are met then a negotiated standard is okay This clause needs an introduction such a (c) The proposed <i>negotiated standard</i> may be accept if : Each generating unit etc. Logically then, if more than 100 MW is at risk of tripping then NEMMCO will require the automatic access standard, are the new (large) generating units capable of this voltage standard? 'Abnormal' is not defined – could be anything
	and network developments that are considered		In distribution systems the NSP will require the



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	projects; (2) the expected performance of existing generating plant and generation projects that are considered projects, and (3) any corresponding performance standard (or where no performance standard has been registered, the access standard) that allows generating plant to trip for voltage excursions in ranges specified under the automatic access standards. (f) NEMMCO must be involved in the negotiation of access standards under clause S5.2.5.3B.		generator to trip for voltage well within the ranges defined in this clause. A generating system must respond to hold the connection point voltage within +/- 6% otherwise the NSP considers the generator to be affecting customer voltages. The standards as approached in this clause require performance well beyond that necessary in a distribution system. To remain connected and operational in a distribution system at +10% will high pot customers and reduce reliability and quality of supply.
<u>85.2.5.3C</u>	Generating unit response to disturbances following contingency events (a) In clause S5.2.5.3C: (1) a fault includes without limitation: (A) a short circuit fault of the relevant type; and (B) a fault of the relevant type resulting from reclosure onto a fault by the operation of automatic reclose equipment; and (2) "fault type" means one or more of the following types: (A) three-phase fault; (B) two phase to ground fault; (C) phase to phase fault; and	In the new wording of S5.2.5.3C credible contingencies are explicitly listed as events for which the generating unit must continue to operate. The existing wording of clause S5.2.5.3 assumes that if a generating unit can operate continuously during a particular type of disturbance, it can operate continuously during disturbances considered less onerous.	Requires further work for distribution connections, although parts of this clause work well for wind farms. Resolve the reclose questions and (a) is acceptable There is no standard reclosure delay time in the NEM. They vary from region to region from +4secs to 0.5 sec. When will these be standardised? Reclosure onto a fault is a new obligation – ride through of a single fault was the original standard. This is not part of the requirements for intermittent generation. The number of successive recloses is also not defined. Delay between reclosure is not defined. Clause 4.2.3(b) defines a three-phase fault as non- credible. Clause 4.2.4 refers to credible events only in



Affected clause	Clause with pro-	oposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(b) The <i>au</i> (1)	(D) phase to ground fault. tomatic access standard is: Each generating unit must remain in continuous uninterrupted operation for the disturbance caused by any of the events described below, provided that the event is not one that would	In the current wording the automatic access standard is for riding through a fault on the transmission system with causes the voltage at the connection point	its definition of system security.
		disconnect the generating unit from the power system by removing network elements from service: (i) a credible contingency event; (ii) a three phase fault in a transmission system cleared by all relevant primary protection systems;	to fall to zero for 175 ms. The 175 ms was a figure drawn from the back-up protection clearance time for a particular generating system, and has no relevance to any other location. Now, the underlying principle has been set, which can be applied to any location.	Transfer limits and system capability is defined using the fastest protection clearing time. Why is NEMMCO using a fault duration that is not consistent with the system limits and the calculations for the critical clearing times on the system? Transfer limits are not set on breaker fail time.
		(iii) a two phase to ground, phase to phase or phase to ground fault in a <i>transmission system</i> cleared in the longest time expected to be taken for a relevant <i>breaker fail protection system</i> to clear the fault or, if such protection is not installed, the greater of the time specified in column 4 of Table S5.1a.2 (or if none is specified, 430 milliseconds) and the longest time expected to be taken for all relevant primary <i>protection systems</i> to clear the fault; and	Under the previous wording it was not technically possible for a distribution- connected generating system to meet the automatic access standard. This has now been changed to cover the distribution- connected plant explicitly.	 (iii) It should be noted that no bank would finance a generation project without breaker fail protection. Reference to the lack of such protection is almost redundant. The definition of "transmission system" includes any 66kV to 220kV network that operates in parallel to and provides support to the higher voltage network. The fault clearance times for 100kV and above are defined in the NER (table \$5.1a.2). There is no definition for fault clearance times at lower voltages.
		(iv) a three phase, two phase to ground, phase to phase or phase to ground fault in a distribution network cleared in the longest time expected to be taken for the breaker fail protection system to clear the fault or, if such protection is not installed, the greater of 430	In the current wording backup protection clearance time has been substituted. It was felt that few generating units would be able to ride through a 3 phase fault at its connection point cleared in back-up protection time because the power system would likely become unstable for such a	(b) (iv) makes connection to a distribution system more difficult than for transmission. Auswind propose that (iv) be deleted and faults in the distribution systems be considered the same as for transmission on the basis that as for transmission, three phase faults on distribution lines (eg 132 and 66kV) to which wind farms are connected have a very low probability of



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	milliseconds and the longest time expected to be taken for all relevant primary protection systems to clear the fault. (2) Each generating unit and generating system must, in respect of any fault of the types described in clause S5.2.5.3C(b)(1)(ii) to (iv), subject to any changed power system conditions or energy source availability beyond the Generator's reasonable control:	fault. Therefore, this has been relaxed in the automatic access standard to a 3 phase fault cleared by primary protection, but 2 phase and single phase faults cleared by breaker fail protection.	occurrence. Such amount not to exceed requirements under clause \$5.2.5.1
	 (i) to assist the maintenance of power system voltages during the application of the fault, deliver to the network capacitive reactive current of at least the greater of its pre-disturbance reactive current and 4% of the maximum continuous current of the generating unit (in the absence of a disturbance) for each 1% reduction (from its pre-fault level) of connection point voltage during the fault; (ii) from 100 milliseconds after disconnection of the faulted element, deliver to the network active power of at least 95% of the level existing just prior to the fault; and (iii) after disconnection of the faulted element, the fault deliver to the network reactive power sufficient to ensure that the connection point voltage is within the range for continuous uninterrupted 		 (ii)This requirement appears to be directed to large power stations connected to transmission networks. Wind farms are commonly connected to distribution networks remote from main system supply points by long, high impedance lines. Achievement of this performance could require high cost for additional equipment. This performance requirement should be considered in the context of small generating systems embedded in weak distribution networks as well as large generating stations connected to strong transmission networks. Such amount not to exceed requirements under clause \$5.2.5.1 Timeframe must be defined
	<u>operation under clause S5.2.5.3B.</u> (c) The minimum access standard is:		



Affected clause	Clause with pr	roposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
		 Each generating unit must remain in continuous uninterrupted operation for the disturbance caused by any of the events described below, provided that the event is not one that would disconnect the generating unit from the power system by removing network elements from service: (i) a credible contingency event; (ii) a single phase to ground, phase to phase or two phase to ground fault in a transmission system cleared in the longest time expected to be taken for all relevant primary protection systems to clear the fault; and (iii) a single phase to ground, phase to phase or two phase to ground fault in a distribution network, cleared in the longest time expected to be taken for all relevant primary protection systems to clear the fault; and (iii) a single phase to ground fault in a distribution network, cleared in the longest time expected to be taken for all relevant primary protection systems to clear the fault, unless NEMMCO and the Network Service Provider agree that: (A) the total reduction of generation in the power system due to that fault would not exceed 100 MW; (B) there is unlikely to be an adverse impact on quality of supply to other Network Users; and (C) there is unlikely to be a material adverse impact on intra- 	The minimum standard has been amended to cover distribution-faults explicitly. The wording recognizes that in some cases it may be reasonable to allow small distribution-connected plant to trip for a distribution fault provided there is no material adverse impact on other Network Users. It has also been amended to be based on actual operating times of all relevant primary protection systems, rather than a number out of a table in the system standards.	Agree



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	regional power transfer capability.		
	(2) Each generating system must, in respect of any fault of the types described in clause S5.2.5.3C(c)(1)(ii) and (iii), subject to any changed power system conditions or energy source availability beyond the Generator's reasonable control after disconnection of the faulted element, deliver to the network active power and reactive power sufficient to ensure that the connection point voltage is within the range for continuous uninterrupted operation		It is not the role of a distribution connected wind farm to control the system voltage.
	agreed under clause S5.2.5.3B. (d) In carrying out assessments of proposed access standards under clause S5.2.5.3C, the Network Service Provider and NEMMCO must take into account, without limitation		
	(1) the expected performance of existing <i>networks</i> and <i>network</i> developments that are <i>considered</i> <i>projects</i> :		
	(2) the expected performance of existing generating plant and generation projects that are considered projects:		
	(3) the expected range of <i>power system</i> operating conditions; and		
	(4) the expected performance of <i>control systems</i> and <i>protection systems</i> , including auxiliary systems and <i>automatic reclose equipment</i> .		Unsynchronised automatic reclose must be avoided due
	(e) The access standard must include any operational arrangements to ensure the generating unit will meet its agreed performance levels under abnormal network or		to the high risk of damage to generators.
	generating system conditions		Abnormal conditions are undefined. Abnormal conditions are mentioned in several causes and the
	(f) A proposed <i>negotiated access standard</i> may be accepted		conditions are mentioned in several causes and the



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	if the connection of the plant at the proposed access level would not cause other generating plant or loads to trip as a result of an event, when they would otherwise not have tripped for the same event.(g)NEMMCO must be involved in the negotiation of access standards under clause S5.2.5.3C.		intention should be clearly defined.
\$5.2.5.4	Deleted.	This clause has been the cause of considerable confusion. A more practical concept is to require that plant operate continuously provided the rate of change of frequency is within a specified limit. This has been incorporated in S5.2.5.3A.	Agree to deletion if S5.2.5.3A can be resolved.
S5.2.5.8	 Protection of generating units from power system disturbances (a) The minimum access standard is: (1) Subject to clauses S5.2.5.8(be)(2) and S5.2.5.8(b)(3), if a Connection Applicant Generator or Network Service Provider requires that itsa generating unit to be automatically disconnected from the power system in response to abnormal conditions arising from the power system, the relevant protection system or control system must not disconnect the generating unit for conditions, underfor which it must remain in continuously uninterrupted operatione or conditions it must withstand under a provision of the Rules. (2) Each scheduled generating unit with a nameplate rating of 30MW or more, or generating system comprised of generating units with combined nameplate rating of 30 MW or more, connected to a transmission system must have facilities to automatically and rapidly reduce its generation: 	The scope of the clause has been amended to be based on size rather than whether scheduled or not because this power system security issue has no relationship to being scheduled. The methods of meeting the power system security requirement have been clarified and extended to include fast operating governors, which already exist on some types of generating plant.	Agree But where is S5.2.5.8(b)(2) and (b) (3)? There is a clause S5.2.5.8 (a)(2) and (a)(3) is this the intention?



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(i) by at least half if the <i>frequency</i> at the <i>connection point</i> exceeds a level nominated by <i>NEMMCO</i> that is (not less that the upper limit of the <i>operational frequency tolerance band</i>) and the duration above this <i>frequency</i> exceeds a value nominated by <i>NEMMCO</i> . The reduction may be achieved:		
	(A) by reducing the output of the generating unit within six seconds, and holding the output at the reduced level until the frequency returns to within the normal operating frequency band; or		
	(B) by disconnecting the generating unit from the power system; or		
	(ii) in proportion to the difference between the <u>frequency</u> at the <u>connection point</u> and a level nominated by <u>NEMMCO</u> (not less than the upper limit of the <u>operational</u> <u>frequency tolerance band</u>), such that the <u>generation</u> is reduced by at least half, if the <u>frequency</u> reaches the upper limit of the <u>extreme frequency excursion tolerance</u> <u>limits.</u>		
	(3) NEMMCO or the Network Service Provider may require that an access standard include a requirement for the generating unit or generating system to automatically disconnect whenever the part of the network to which it is connected has been disconnected from the national grid, forming an island that supplies a Customer. The access standard must include specification of conditions	Paragraph (3) has been included to permit situations where local issues, such as impact on supply to nearby customers, can require disconnection without adverse impact on overall power system security. Such situations already exist and need to be acknowledged under the Rules.	



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 for which the generating unit or generating system must trip and must not trip. (4) Notwithstanding clauses \$5.2.5.3A, \$5.2.5.3B and \$55.2.5.3C a generating unit or generating system may be automatically disconnected from the power system under any of the following conditions: (i) in accordance with an ancillary services agreement between the Generator and NEMMCO; (ii) where a load that is not part of the generating system has the same connection point as the generating system and NEMMCO and the Network Service Provider agree that the disconnection would in effect be underfrequency load shedding; (iii) where the generating unit is automatically disconnected under clauses \$5.2.5.8(b)(3) or \$55.2.5.9; (iv) where the generating unit is automatically disconnected under clause \$5.2.5.10 due to a failure of the generating plant; or (v) in accordance with an agreement between the Generator and a Network Service Provider (including an agreement in relation to an emergency control scheme under clause \$5.1.8) to provide a service that NEMMCO agrees is necessary to maintain or restore power system security in the event of a specified contingency event. (b) There is no automatic access standard for this technical requirement for protection of generation units from power system disturbances. 	should be permitted, taking precedence over clauses S5.2.5.3A, S5.2.5.3B and S5.2.5.3C. For example, a Generator with a system restart ancillary services agreement with NEMMCO could be in breach of existing clause S5.2.5.3. Also, a Generator tripping its generating units for an emergency control scheme such as the System protection Scheme in Tasmania could be in breach of existing clause S5.2.5.3.	Good provision –trip due to failure of plant is acceptable There is no clause S5.2.5.8 (b)(3)



Affected clause	Claus	e with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(c)	 For the purposes of this clause, abnormal conditions include: (1) frequency outside the extreme frequency excursion tolerance limits; (2) sustained and uncontrollable stator current beyond the generating unit's "Rated Stator Current" (as described in schedule 5.5.1); (3) stator voltage above the generating unit's stator voltage maximum rating or sustained below the lower limit for stable operation; (4) voltage to frequency ratio beyond the generating unit's magnetic flux based voltage to frequency rating; (5) sustained voltage fluctuations at the connection point beyond the level determined under clause \$5.1.5(a); (6) sustained negative phase sequence voltage at the connection point beyond the level determined under clause \$5.1.7(a); and (8) any similar condition agreed between the Generator and the relevant Network Service Provider after consultation with NEMMCO. NEMMCO must be involved in The negotiation of access standards in relation to this under clause \$5.2.5.8must involve NEMMCO under clause \$5.3.4A(b) of the Rules. The Network Service Provider is not liable for any loss or damage incurred by the Generator or any other person as a consequence of a fault on either the power system, or 	 The abnormal conditions listed as examples in existing paragraph (c) have been removed because: Some had a strong technology bias; Some were not practical; and Some were inconsistent with S5.2.5.3. The voltage to frequency ratio allowance has been moved to S5.2.5.2B. 	'abnormal conditions' is now an undefined term.
<u> </u>		consequence of a fault on chulch the power system, of		49



Affected clause	Clause with	h proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	with	hin the Generator's facility.		generator standard?
\$5.2.5.9	The require which ma Protection discretion. (a) The (1) (2) (3)	systems that impact on power system security ements of this clause apply only to protection measures y be necessary to maintain power system security. solely for Generator risks is at the Generator's automatic access standard is: Primary protection systems must be provided to disconnect from the power system any faulted element in the generating system and in within the protection zones that include the connection point, the generating unit stator winding or any plant connected between them, within the applicable fault clearance time determined under clause S5.1.9(a)(1), but subject to clauses S5.1.9(k) and S5.1.9(1). Each primary protection system must have sufficient redundancy to ensure that a faulted element within its protection zone is disconnected from the power system within the applicable fault clearance time with any single protection element (including any communications facility upon which that protection system depends) out of service. Breaker fail protection systems must be provided to clear faults that are not cleared by the circuit breakers controlled by the primary protection system within the applicable fault clearance time determined under clause S5.1.9(a)(1). minimum access standard is: Protection systems must be provided to disconnect from the power system any faulted element within	The introductory paragraph of this clause has been removed because it is misleading and does not assist the understanding of the technical requirements. It predates the access standards regime, when the protection requirements were expressed more generally than now. Wording of the automatic and minimum access standards has been amended to remove technology-specific working.	Agreed subject to comments



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	the <u>generating system</u> and in protection zones that include the <i>connection point</i> , the <u>generating unit</u> stator winding and any <u>plant</u> between them, within the applicable fault clearance time determined under clause S5.1.9(a)(2), but subject to clauses S5.1.9(k) and S5.1.9(l).		
	(2) If a <i>fault clearance time</i> determined under clause S5.1.9(a)(2) for a protection zone is less than 10 seconds, a <i>breaker fail protection system</i> must be provided to clear from the <i>power system</i> any fault within that protection zone that is not cleared by the circuit breakers controlled by the primary <i>protection system</i> within the applicable <i>fault clearance time</i> determined under clause S5.1.9(a)(3).	A basis for negotiation has been added to clarify when redundancy of protection systems is required and how the decision is to be made.	
	(c) The <i>Network Service Provider</i> and the <i>Generator</i> must cooperate in the design and implementation of <i>protection systems</i> to comply with clause <u>S5.2.5.9</u> , including cooperation with regard toon:		
	(1) the use of <i>current transformer</i> and <i>voltage</i> <i>transformer</i> secondary circuits (or equivalent) of one party by the <i>protection system</i> of the other;		
	(2) tripping of one party's circuit breakers by a <i>protection system</i> of the other party; and		
	(3) co-ordination of <i>protection system</i> settings to ensure inter-operation.		
	(d) The protection system design must:		The NSP or NEMMCO should be obliged to provide
	(1) be coordinated with other <i>protection systems</i> already existing in the <i>power system</i> or to be provided as part of a <i>considered project</i> ;		assistance with this.
	(2) avoid consequential disconnection of other <i>Network</i> <u>Users' facilities</u> ; and		
-		•	70



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 (3) take into account existing obligations of the <u>Network Service Provider under connection</u> agreements with other Network Users. (e) The Generator must provide redundancy in the primary protection systems under clause S5.2.5.9(a)(2) and provide breaker-fail protection systems under clause S5.2.5.9(a)(3) if NEMMCO or the Network Service Provider consider that a lack of these facilities could result in a material adverse impact on power system security or quality of supply to other Network Users, or a reduction in interregional or intra-regional power transfer capability, through any mechanism including: (1) consequential tripping of, or damage to, other network equipment or facilities of other Network Users, that would have a power system security impact; or (2) instability that would not be detected by other protection systems in the network. (f) NEMMCO must be involved in the negotiation of access standards under clause S5.2.5.9. 	Paragraph (f) is consistent with clause S5.1.9(b) and makes it clear that the negotiation of protection system performance must include NEMMCO whether under S5.1.9 or S5.2.5.9.	
\$5.2.5.10	Protection to trip plant for unstable operationoperation of synchronous generating units(a) The automatic access standard is:(1) Each synchronous generating unit must have a protection system to promptly disconnect it promptly in order to prevent pole slipping or other conditions where the generating unit causes active power, reactive power or voltage at the connection point to become unstable as assessed in accordance with the power system stability guidelines established under clause 4.3.4(h);	The clause has been amended to allow it to be applied to asynchronous as well as synchronous plant. Requiring the Network Service Provider to approve settings has been removed as it currently means that the Network Service Provider takes the risk associated with design of the Generator's plant. That risk should lie with the Generator.	Agreed. Auswind support the NGF comment with respect to pole slip protection.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 (2) Each generating unit that is not a synchronous generating unit must have a protection system to disconnect it promptly for conditions where the active power, reactive power or voltage at the connection point become unstable as assessed in accordance with the power system stability guidelines established under clause 4.3.4(h). (b) The minimum access standard is: Each generating unit must not cause a voltage disturbance at the connection point due to sustained unstable behaviour pole slipping of more than the maximum level specified in Table 7 of Australian Standard AS/NZS 61000.3.7:2001. (c) The actual settings of protection installed on a generating unit to satisfy the requirements of clause S5.2.5.10(a) must be approved by the Network Service Provider. If the Network Service Provider and the Generator agree, a protection system proposed to meet a negotiated access standard may also trip any other part of the generating unit must be provided where: (1) the Network Service Provider considers it necessary to prevent consequential tripping of, or damage to, other generating units, network equipment or other Network Users' facilities, or (2) NEMMCO considers it necessary to prevent unstable operation having an adverse impact on power system security. (e) NEMMCO must be involved in the negotiation of access standards under clauses S5.2.5.10(c) and S5.2.5.10(d). 	These new clauses (c) and (d) provide greater detail in relation to tripping. Basis of negotiation added to remove risk of wasted costs if NEMMCO later rejects standard.	
\$5.2.5.11	Frequency control		Agreed subject to comments - no to (b)(2)(iii)



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 General: (a) For the purpose of this clause <u>S5.2.5.11:</u> "maximum operating level" means, in relation to—a generating unit, the greater of its nameplate rating and its value for "PMAX" as described in schedule 5.5.1: (1) <u>a non-scheduled generating unit</u>, the maximum sent out generation consistent with its nameplate rating;; (2) <u>a scheduled generating unit</u>, the maximum sent out generation (but not emergency generation) consistent with its registered bid and offer data; (3) <u>a non-scheduled generating system</u>, the combined maximum sent out generation consistent with the nameplate ratings of its in-service generating units; and (4) <u>a scheduled generating system</u>, the maximum combined sent out generation (but not emergency generation) of its in-service generating units, consistent with its registered bid and offer data. "minimum operating level" means, in relation to—a generating unit, the greater of zero and its value for "PMIN" as described in schedule 5.5.1: (1) <u>a non-scheduled generating unit</u>, its minimum sent out generation for continuous stable operation; (2) <u>a scheduled generating unit</u>, its minimum sent out generation for continuous stable operation; (3) <u>a non-scheduled generating unit</u>, its in-service generation; (4) <u>a scheduled generating unit</u>, its minimum sent out generation for continuous stable operation; 	Minor reformatting of the clause has been undertaken. The definitions have been clarified to remove reference to S5.5.1 and make the definitions stand alone. "Scheduled" removed from each of the clauses. This allows the automatic access standard to be applied to non-scheduled plant such as wind farms and to generating systems.	



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
clause	 (4) a scheduled generating system, the minimum combined sent out generation of its in-service generating units, consistent with its registered bid and offer data. "system frequency" means theelectrical frequency of the transmission system or distribution system to which the generating unit is connected; "pre-disturbance level" means, in relation to a generating unit and a frequency disturbance, the generating unit's level of output just before the system frequency first exceeds the upper or lower limit of the normal operating frequency band during the frequency disturbance. (b) Automatic access standard: (1b) A Generator must ensure that in respect of eEach of its scheduled-generating system 'sumits (1) its active power transfer to the power system frequency; and (i)	Reference to damping of oscillations has been moved to new clause S5.2.5.14.	Clause conflicts with S5.2.5.8 And subject to a limit of its <i>minimum operating level</i>
	active power transfer to the power system must not does not: (i)increase in response to a rise in system frequency; and (ii) its_active power_transfer to the power system does not decrease in response to a fall in system frequency (3)any oscillatory behaviour in respect of its active power transfer to the power system (other_than_authorised_power_system stabiliser_action) isanded with a damping ratio of more than 0.4. (2e) A Generator must ensure that eEach generating system of its scheduled generating units is must		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(i1) whenever the system frequency exceed the upper limit of the normal operating frequency band;		
	(ii2) by an amount that <u>equals or exceeds</u> is a <u>the</u> least the smallest of:		
	 (Ai) twenty percent 20% of it maximum operating level time the percentage frequency difference between system frequency and the upper limit o the normal operating frequency band; 		
	(Bii) ten percent <u>10%</u> of its maximum operating level; and		
	(Ciii) subject to the <i>frequency</i> recovering gradually, the difference between the <i>generating unit'</i> <i>pre-disturbance level</i> and <i>minimum operating level</i> , but zero if the difference is negative		
	(iii) <u>sufficiently rapidly for the Generator to</u> <u>be in a position to offer measurable</u> <u>amounts of lower services to the spo</u> <u>market for market ancillary services.</u>		This is an ancillary service by definition, not a technical obligation and should be a commercial decision.
	 (3d) <u>A Generator must ensure that eEach of it</u> scheduled generating units or generating system is must be capable of automatically increasing its output active power transfer to the powe system: (i+) whenever the system frequency fall below the lower limit of the normal 		And subject to a limit of its <i>maximum operating level</i> Wind turbine output depends on wind conditions. Output cannot be raised automatically on demand.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(ii2) by the amount that is <u>equal or exceeds</u> <u>the</u> at least the smallest of:		
	 (Ai) twenty percent 20% of its maximum operating level times the percentage frequency difference between the lower limit of the normal operating frequency band and system frequency; 		
	(Bii) five percent <u>5%</u> of its <i>maximum operating level</i> ; and		
	(Cii) subject to the <i>frequency</i> recovering gradually, one third of the difference between the <i>generating unit's</i> <i>maximum operating level</i> and <i>pre-disturbance level</i> , but zero if the difference is negative; and		
	 (iii) sufficiently rapidly for the Generator to be in a position to offer measurable amounts of raise services to the spot market for market ancillary services. 		This is an ancillary service by definition, not a technical obligation and should be a commercial decision.
	(e) Minimum access standard:		
	(e) A Generator must ensure that at each of its connection points in relation to its scheduled generating units:		Where is (c)?
	(1) the active power transfer to the power system does not increase in response to a rise in system frequency;		
	(2) the active power transfer to the power system does		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments	
	not decrease more than 2 percent per Hz in response to a fall in system frequency; and			
	(3) any oscillatory behaviour of active power transfer to the power system (other than authorised power system stabiliser action) is damped with a damping ratio of more than 0.4.			
	For each generating system, active power transfer to the power system must not:			
	(1) increase in response to a rise in system frequency; and		This clause must be interpreted 'in response to the	
	(2) decrease more than 2% per Hz in response to a fall in system frequency.		system frequency' and not as a coincidental increase or fall in the wind	
	(f) Each <i>control system</i> used to satisfy clause S5.2.5.11 must be <i>adequately damped</i> .		Suggest the following words be added (or equivalent) 'For each generating system under relatively	
	(g) A Generator proposing a negotiated access standard in respect of clause S5.2.5.11(c)(2) must demonstrate to <u>NEMMCO</u> that the proposed increase and decrease in active power transfer to the power system are as close as practicable to the automatic access standard for that plant.		stable input energy, active power transfer to the power system must not:	
	(h) The access standard must record the agreed values for maximum operating level and minimum operating level, and where relevant the method of determining the values. The values for a generating system must take into account its in-service generating units.			
	(i) The amount of a relevant <i>market ancillary service</i> for which the <i>plant</i> may be registered must not exceed the amount that would be consistent with the <i>performance</i>	In paragraph (i), a link has been made		
	standard registered in respect of this requirement. (j) NEMMCO must be involved in the negotiation of access standards under clause S5.2.5.11.	between the performance standards that are registered in respect of this clause and the eligibility of the generator to participate in market ancillary services for frequency control. This means that the	This implies a link between the obligations of the ancillary services market and technical standards. Not	



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments	
	Negotiated access standards: (f) If, in accordance with clause 5.3.4A of the Rules, the Generator and the Network Service Provider determine a negotiated access standard is to apply, the Network Service Provider must ensure that the negotiated access standard is equal to the value determined by NEMMCO as unlikely to materially adversely affect system security. (g) The negotiation of access standards in relation to this clause \$5.2.5.11 must involve NEMMCO under clause \$5.3.4A(b) of the Rules.	performance is subject to the compliance monitoring requirements of clause 5.12. A basis for negotiation has been added.	all participants are involved in the AS market.	
\$5.2.5.12	 StabilityImpact on network capability (a) Automatic access standard: Each A generating unit must have plant capabilities and control systems, including, but not limited to inertia, short-circuit ratio and power system stabilisers, sufficient not to: (1) not cause any inter regional or intra-regional power transfer capability based on: (i) transient stability; (ii) oscillatory stability; or (iii) voltage stability, to be reduced below the level that would apply if the generating unit were disconnected; reduce any inter-regional or intra-regional power transfer capability below the level that would apply if the generating unit were disconnected. (2) not cause instability that would adversely impact on other Registered Participants. (b) Minimum access standard: The generating unit systems; 	The requirement in the automatic access standard not to 'cause instability that would adversely impact other Registered Participants' has been moved to clause S5.2.5.13 to combine this requirement with the other power system stability requirement. The clause has been extended to include all types of network impact (including impact on thermal transfer limits). This arose out of situations arising with some new wind farm installations, in which generation from the wind farm reduced import capability (associated with a thermal limit) by a ratio greater than 1:1.)	Agreed subject to comments Need to ensure that consistent application of methodology is applied across all NSPs in assessing this requirement. There may be some contingencies, however unlikely that may prevent a generator from achieving the automatic access standard.	



Affected Cl clause	lause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
(c)	 including, but not limited to inertia, short-circuit ratio and power system stabilisers, sufficient to not reduce any inter regional or intra regional power transfer capability to import into the generating unit's region by more than its loading level whenever it is synchronised and operational arrangements sufficient to not reduce: (1) the ability to supply Customer load as a result of a reduction in power transfer capability; (2) power transfer capabilities into a region by more than the combined sent out generation of its generating units : and (3) power transfer capabilities into another region by more than the combined sent out generating units and 30 MW, unless NEMMCO considers that the connection of that generating system is likely to result in a net improvement in supply reliability across all regions. c) The relevant requirements for short-circuit ratio in IEC 60034 3 are a plant standard in relation to clause \$5.2.5.12(a)(1)(i).In carrying out assessments of proposed access standards under clause \$5.2.5.12, the Network Service Provider and NEMMCO must at least take into account, without limitation: (1) the expected performance of existing generating plant and generation projects that are considered projects; (2) the expected range of power system operating conditions; and 	Clause (b)(2) relates to the impact on intra-regional flow paths. The clause has been extended in the minimum standard to cover a reduction in import capability into another region (where generation may reduce the reliability of another region.) The focus of this clause has been changed to be on equipment, facilities and control mechanisms that will achieve minimum impact on network transfer capability.	Okay Clause (c) add (5) Australian Standards or International standard.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments	
	 (4) the expected performance of <i>control systems</i> and <i>protection systems</i>, including <i>automatic reclose equipment</i>. (d) The access standard must include operational arrangements, including curtailment of <i>generation</i> if necessary, to the satisfaction of <i>NEMMCO</i>, to ensure that the <i>generating plant</i> is operated in a way that meets at least the <i>minimum access standard</i> under abnormal <i>network</i> and <i>generating system</i> conditions, so that <i>power system security</i> can be maintained. (e) The <i>Generator</i> must take measures, to the satisfaction of <i>NEMMCO</i> and the <i>Network Service Provider</i>, to minimise any reduction in <i>power transfer capabilities</i>. The following matters must be considered in the design of the <i>generation system</i>, and implemented, where they would have a material impact on <i>power transfer capability</i> to the extent that the total cost of the <i>generation</i> project, where the capital cost is based on a project design that would at least meet the <i>minimum access standard</i>: (1) <i>control system</i> functions and settings; (2) dynamic <i>reactive power capability</i> of the <i>generating unit</i> or additional <i>plant</i> such as SVC or STATCOM; (3) choice of technology and <i>plant</i> parameters; (4) <i>transmission network augmentation</i> or <i>distribution network augmentation;</i> and (5) location and manner of <i>connection</i> to the <i>network</i>. (f) The <i>access standard</i> under clause S5.2.5.12 must detail the <i>plant</i> capabilities, <i>control systems</i> and operational arrangements that will be maintained by the <i>Generator</i>, notwithstanding that changes to the <i>power system</i>, but not 	A problem with the original wording of the clause was that it applied an on-going risk to the Generator – on-going compliance with the clause depended on factors outside the Generator's control, including design and configuration of the network, new generation plant and load growth. To avoid this consequence the current wording makes it clear that the assessment is to be based on the current system, considered projects and expected network developments only. The access standard (and therefore the performance standard) documents the facilities equipment and control systems agreed to be provided. The clause also allows for the Network Service Provider and the Generator to negotiate for additional control system facilities on a commercial basis.	5% of the project cost is at risk, at the discretion of NEMMCO and NSP planning. The requirement for dynamic reactive power support would have to be directly related to the generation project and not an existing system shortfall.	



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	changes to the generating system, may roof the plant capabilities, control system arrangements over time. (g) If a Network Service Provider considers to capabilities of its network would be provision of additional control system generating system (such as a power system Network Service Provider and the Generation for the provision of such additional control as a commercial arrangement. (eh) The negotiation of access standards in relations (standards 55.2.5.12 must involve NEMMO with under clause 5.3.4A(b) of the Rules.	hat power transfer increased through m facilities to a tem stabiliser), the ator may negotiate ol system facilities	
\$5.2.5.13	Control systems and stability Excitation control [Replace entirely with the following] (a) For the purpose of clause S5.2.5.13: 'settling time' means, in relation to a stusimulation of a control system, the timinitiation of a step change in an input q when the magnitude of error between the and its final settling value remains less (1) if the sustained change in the than half of the maximum chang output quantity; and (2) otherwise the sustained change output quantity; and 'rise time' means, in relation to a step simulation of a control system, the to output quantity to rise from 10% to 90% change induced in that quantity by a	ep response test or ne measured from uantity to the time he output quantity than 10% of: the quantity is less inge in that output ge induced in that p response test or time taken for an % of the maximum Some of the definitions used in the were not fully specified in the clause, and have been amende they apply to a test or a simula "settling time" can be ap responses that are largely oscillated. The automatic and minimum have been written in terms of set and non-scheduled plant.	e previous d so that ation, and pplied to tory. standards



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments			Reason	Auswind Comments
	input quantity.		uantity.		
	<u>(b)</u>	The au	tomatic access standard is:		
		<u>(1)</u>	Each generating unit must have plant capabilities and control systems sufficient to ensure that: (i) power system oscillations, for the frequencies of oscillation of the generating unit against any other generating unit, are adequately damped; (ii) operation of the generating unit does not degrade the damping of any mode of oscillation of the power system; and	The mandatory requirements have been translated into the automatic access standard requirements. (The exception to this is ceiling voltage which is slightly higher in the automatic and slightly lower in the minimum standard than the original mandatory standard.) A power system stabiliser specification has been added for the automatic access standard. The existing version of this clause is	For large synchronous machines this okay. The automatic standard is written at the generating unit level. In (1) and (2) what if a generating system can meet the automatic standard through a combination of unit control and connection point control?
		(2)	(iii) operation of the generating unit does not cause instability (including hunting of tap-changing transformer control systems) that would adversely impact other Registered Participants. Each control system must have:	written around synchronous generating units. The criteria for synchronous plant are well developed, and equivalent subclauses for asynchronous plant which will usually apply to wind farms have been added, rather than attempting to make the existing clauses non-technology specific.	
			(i) permanently installed and operational monitoring and recording facilities for key variables including each input and output, for disturbance monitoring and testing purposes; and	The clause was written previously with most of the requirements mandatory. The clause has been reworded as automatic and minimum access standards.	All inputs and outputs are not key variables. Overly onerous for individual wind turbines.
		(3)	(ii) facilities for testing the control system sufficient to establish its dynamic operational characteristics. Each synchronous generating unit must have an excitation control system that: (i) regulates voltage at the connection	The previous automatic access standard requirement from S5.2.5.12 not to cause instability that would adversely affect other Registered Participants has been moved to this clause, and has been included in both minimum and automatic access, because the causing of instability	
			point or another agreed location in the		00



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	<i>power system</i> (including within the <i>generating system</i>) to within 0.5% of the setpoint.	that would adversely affect other participants is not acceptable even at minimum access level.	
	(ii) is able to operate the stator continuously at 105% of nominal voltage with rated active power output;		
	(iii) regulates voltage in a manner that helps to support <i>network</i> voltages during faults and does not prevent the <i>Network</i> <i>Service Provider</i> from achieving the requirements of clause S5.1a.3 and S5.1a.4;		
	(iv) allows the voltage setpoint to be continuously controllable in the range of at least 95% to 105% of normal voltage at the connection point or the agreed location, without reliance on a tap-changing transformer;		
	(v)has limiting devices to ensure that a voltage disturbance does not cause the generating unit to trip at the limits of its operating capability;		
	(vi)has an excitation ceiling voltage of at least 2 times the excitation required to achieve generation at nameplate rating for rated power factor, rated speed and nominal voltage;		
	(vii)has settling times for a step change of voltage setpoint or voltage at the location agreed under clause S5.2.5.13(b)(3)(i) of:(A)generated voltage less than 2.5		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	seconds for a 5% voltage disturbance with the generating unit not synchronised;		
	(B) active power, reactive power and voltage less than 5.0 seconds for a 5% voltage disturbance with the generating unit synchronised, from an operating point where the voltage disturbance would not cause any limiting device		
	to operate; and(C)in respect of each limiting device, active power, reactive power and voltage less than 7.5 seconds for a 5% voltage disturbance with the generating unit synchronised, when operating into a limiting device from an operating point where a voltage disturbance of 2.5% would just cause the limiting device to operate;		
	(viii) is able to increase field voltage from rated field voltage to the excitation ceiling voltage in less than 0.5 second;		
	(ix) has a <i>power system</i> stabiliser with sufficient flexibility to enable damping performance to be maximised, with characteristics as described in clause S5.2.5.13(d); and		
	(x) has reactive current compensation		



Affected clause	Clause with prop	posed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	<u>(4)</u>	settable for boost or droop. Each generating unit, other than a synchronous generating unit, must have a voltage control system that: (i) regulates voltage at the connection point or an agreed location in the power system (including within the generating system) to within 0.5% of its setpoint; (ii) regulates voltage in a manner that helps to support network voltages during faults and does not prevent the Network Service Provider from achieving the requirements of clauses S5.1a.3 and S5.1a.4; (iii) allows the voltage setpoint to be continuously controllable in the range of at least 95% to 105% of normal voltage at the connection point or	Reason	Auswind Comments This clause ignores the flexibility to meet the connection point requirement. Wind farms implement voltage control at the connection point if it is required. Why should NEMMCO be concerned with the regulation of voltage within the generating system?
		agreed location in the power system, without reliance on a tap changing transformer;(iv)has limiting devices to ensure that a voltage disturbance does not cause the generating unit to trip at the limits of its operating capability;(v)with the generating system connected to the power system, has settling times for active power, reactive power and voltage due to a step change of voltage setpoint or voltage at the location agreed under clause S5.2.5.13(b)(4)(i), of less than:		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(A)5.0 seconds for a 5% voltage disturbance with the generating unit connected to the power system, from an operating point where the voltage disturbance would not cause any limiting device to operate; and		
	(B) 7.5 seconds for a 5% voltage disturbance with the generating unit connected to the power system, when operating into any limiting device from an operating point where a voltage disturbance of 2.5% would just cause the limiting device to operate;		
	(vi)has reactive power rise time, for a 5%step change in the voltage set point, ofless than 2 seconds;		
	(vii) has a <i>power system</i> stabiliser with sufficient flexibility to enable damping performance to be maximised, with characteristics as described in clause S5.2.5.13(d); and		
	(viii) has reactive current compensation.		
	(c) The minimum access standard is:		
	(1) Each generating unit must have plant capabilities and control systems, including if appropriate, a power system stabiliser, sufficient to ensure that:	In the minimum standard, the control system parameters are specified only for generating systems >30 MW, and taking into account the allowance for plant connected at voltages below 100 kV to	
	(i) power system oscillations, for the	have power factor control. Models are not	



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
clause	frequencies of oscillation of the generating unit against any other generating unit, are adequately damped; (ii) operation of the generating unit does not degrade any mode of oscillation that is within 0.3 nepers per second of being unstable, by more than 0.01 nepers per second and does not degrade any other mode of oscillation to within 0.29 nepers per second of being unstable; and (iii) operation of the generating unit does not cause instability (including hunting of tap-changing transformer control systems) that would adversely impact other Registered Participants. (2) Each generating system comprised of generating is with combined nameplate rating of 30 MW or more must have facilities for testing its control systems sufficient to establish their dynamic operational characteristics. (3) Each generating unit or generating system must have facilities: (i) where the connection point nominal voltage in a manner that does not clause S5.1a.3 and S5.1a.4; (ii) where the connection point nominal voltage is less than 100 kV, to regulate voltage or reactive power or power	required for plant less than 30 MW, and therefore it is not possible to assess (as part of the access standards) whether the plant is capable of complying with these performance levels. Allowance is made in the minimum standard for plant that is distribution-connected (<100 kV) to operate with power factor control or reactive power control instead of voltage control.	If transmission connected is intended then this should be stated rather than a voltage level. There are 132kV distribution lines in the network.



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	factor in a manner that does not prevent the Network Service Provider from achieving the requirements of clauses S5.1a.3 and S5.1a.4; and		
	(iii) in either case, sufficient to achieve the performance agreed in respect of clauses S5.2.5.1, S5.2.5.2, S5.2.5.3A, S5.2.5.3B, S5.2.5.3C and S5.2.5.12.		
	(4) Each synchronous generating unit, that is part of a generating system comprised of generating units with a combined nameplate rating of 30 MW or more, must have an excitation control system that:		
	(i) regulates voltage at the connection point or an agreed location in the power system (including within the generating system), to within 0.5% of its setpoint or, where the connection point nominal voltage is less than 100 kV, regulates voltage, power factor or reactive power as agreed with the Network Service Provider and NEMMCO;		
	(ii) has excitation ceiling voltage of at least <u>1.5 times the excitation required to</u> <u>achieve generation at the nameplate</u> <u>rating for rated power factor, rated</u> <u>speed and nominal voltage</u> ;		
	(iii) subject to coordination under clause S5.2.5.13(g), has a settling time of less than 5.0 seconds for a 5% voltage disturbance with the generating unit synchronised, from an operating point where such a voltage disturbance would not cause any limiting device to		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 operate; and (iv) has over- and under-excitation limiting devices sufficient to ensure that a voltage disturbance does not cause the generating unit to trip at the limits of its operating capability. (5) Each generating system comprised of generating units with combined nameplate rating of 30 MW or more and which are not synchronous generating units, must have a control system that: (i) regulates voltage at the connection point or an agreed location in the power system (including within 0.5% of its setpoint or, where the connection point or nead within 0.5% of its setpoint or, where the connection point nominal voltage is less than 100 kV, regulates voltage as agreed with the Network Service Provider and NEMMCO; (ii) subject to coordination under clause S5.2.5.13(g), has settling time less than 7.5 seconds for a 5% voltage disturbance with the generating unit electrically connected to the power system from an operating point where such a voltage disturbance would not cause any limiting devices to ensure that a voltage disturbance would not cause the generating unit to trip at the limits of its operating capability. 		The requirement to regulate the voltage possibly within the generating system and not at the connection point removes the flexibility with which a voltage control system could be implemented on a wind farm.



Affected clause	Clause v	with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
		A power system stabiliser provided under clause S5.2.5.13(b) must have the following characteristics: (i) for a synchronous generating unit, measurements of rotor speed and active power output of the generating unit as inputs, and		
		otherwisemeasurementsofpowersystemfrequencyandactivepoweroutputofthegeneratingunitasinputs;(ii)two washoutfilters for each input, with ability tobypassoneofthem if necessary;		
		(iii) sufficient (and not less than two) lead-lag transfer function blocks (or equivalent number of complex poles and zeros) with adjustable gain and time-constants, to compensate fully for the phase lags due to the <i>generating plant</i> ;		
		(iv) an output limiter, which for a synchronous generating unit is continually adjustable over the range of -10% to +10% of stator voltage;		
		(v) monitoring and recording facilities for key variables including inputs, output and the inputs to the lead-lag transfer function blocks; and		
		(vi) facilities to permit testing of the <i>power system</i> stabiliser in isolation from the <i>power system</i> by injection of test signals, sufficient to establish the transfer function of the <i>power system</i> stabiliser.		
		A limiting device provided under clauses S5.2.5.13(b) or S5.2.5.13 (c) must:		
		(1) not detract from the performance of any <i>power</i> system stabiliser; and		
		(2) be coordinated with all <i>protection systems</i> .		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 (f) If a generating unit cannot meet the automatic access standard, the Generator must demonstrate why that standard could not be reasonably achieved. The negotiated access standard proposed by the Generator must then be the highest level that the generating system can reasonably achieve, including by installation of additional dynamic reactive power equipment, and through optimising its control systems. (g) The Network Service Provider may require that the design and operation of the control systems of a generating unit or generating system be coordinated with the existing voltage control systems of the Network Service Provider and of other Network Users, in order to avoid or manage interactions that would adversely impact on the Network Service Provider and other Network Users. The access standards must record such requirements. (h) The assessment of impact of the generating units on power system stability and damping of power system stability guidelines established under clause 4.3.4(h). (i) NEMMCO must be involved in the negotiation of access standards under clause S5.2.5.13. 		The application of the automatic standard is written solely for generating units. There are a number of wind turbines that would not individually contain the control systems referred to in the automatic standard, however there are wind farm control systems that would provide the control and response to connection point. Agreed this is the single most important voltage control requirement.
<u>85.2.5.14</u>	Active power control (a) Automatic access standard: A generating system comprised of generating units with a combined nameplate rating of 30 MW or more must have an active	The requirement for active power control is currently implied in the dispatch requirements for scheduled generating units, but has not previously been	Agreed subject to comment on (b)(2)(iv)



power control system capable of: expressed as a technical requirement. A number of concerns have been raised about the lack of active power control from wind farms – particularly with respect to control of line loading and reduction in reliability: as a result of ramp rate limitations in scheduled plant that is regulating output to accomposate for load and wind farm variability. Therefore it is necessary to formalise in technical requirements for scheduled generating system, subject to the energy source availability: (2) for each non-scheduled generating unit or non-scheduled generating system, subject to the energy source availability: (i) subject to clause S5.2.5.14(a)(2)(iii), automatically reducing or increasing its active power output with five minutes, at a constant rate, to below the level specified in an instruction electronically issued by a control (ii) subject to clause S5.2.5.14(a)(2)(iii), automatically reducing or increasing its active power output with five minutes, at a constant rate, to below the level specified in an instruction electronically issued by a control	Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
(ii) automatedary initiality active power output, to below the level specified in clause S5.2.5.14(a)(2)(i); and (iii) not changing its active power output within five minutes by more than the raise and lower amounts specified in an instruction electronically issued by a control centre. (b) Minimum access standard: A generating system comprised of generating units with combined nameplate rating of 30 MW or more must have an active power		 (1) for each scheduled generating unit or, if subject to aggregation approved by NEMMCO under clause 3.8.3, scheduled generating system: (i) maintaining and changing its active power output in accordance with its dispatch instructions; and (ii) ramping its active power output linearly from one dispatch level to another, and (2) for each non-scheduled generating unit or non-scheduled generating system, subject to the energy source availability: (i) subject to clause S5.2.5.14(a)(2)(iii), automatically reducing or increasing its active power output within five minutes, at a constant rate, to below the level specified in an instruction electronically issued by a control centre; (ii) automatically limiting its active power output within five minutes S5.2.5.14(a)(2)(i); and (iii) not changing its active power output within five minutes by more than the raise and lower amounts specified in an instruction electronically issued by a control centre.	number of concerns have been raised about the lack of active power control from wind farms – particularly with respect to control of line loading and reduction in reliability as a result of ramp rate limitations in scheduled plant that is regulating output to compensate for load and wind farm variability. Therefore it is necessary to formalise in technical requirements a requirement for active power control. The requirements for scheduled generating units are consistent with	



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	control system capable of:		
	(1) for each scheduled generating unit or, if subject to aggregation approved by NEMMCO under clause 3.8.3, scheduled generating system, maintaining and changing its active power output in accordance with its dispatch instructions.		
	(2) for each non-scheduled generating system: (i) reducing its active power output, within five minutes, to or below the level required to manage network flows that is specified in a verbal instruction issued by the control centre;		
	(ii) limiting its active power output to or below the level specified in clause S5.2.5.14(b)(2)(i);		
	(iii) ensuring that the change of active power output in a five minute period does not exceed a value specified in a verbal instruction issued by the <i>control</i> <u>centre</u> ; and		
	(iv) being upgraded to receive electronic instructions from the <i>control centre</i> and respond within five minutes.		
	(c) Each <i>control system</i> used to satisfy the requirements of clauses S5.2.5.14(a) and S5.2.5.14(b) must be <i>adequately</i> <u>damped.</u>		
	(d) The access standard must document to NEMMCO's satisfaction any operational arrangements necessary to manage network flows, that may include a requirement for the generating system to be operated in a manner that prevents its output changing within five minutes by more		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	than an amount specified by a control centre. (e) A negotiated access standard may provide that if the number or frequency of verbal instructions becomes difficult for a control centre to manage, NEMMCO may require the Generator to upgrade its facilities to receive electronic instructions and act automatically on those instructions. (f) NEMMCO must be involved in the negotiation of access standards under clause S5.2.5.14.		'automatically' should be removed and aligned with the 5 minute requirement in the minimum point (b) (2) (iv)
\$5.2.6.1	Replace clause S5.2.6.1 with the following: Remote Monitoring		Agreed - see comment on (a) (2) (ii)
	 (a) <u>The automatic access standard is:</u> (1) Each scheduled generating unit or non-scheduled generating unit with a nameplate rating of 30MW or more or non-scheduled generating system with a combined nameplate rating of 30MW or more, must have remote monitoring equipment to transmit to NEMMCO's control centres in real time in accordance with clause 4.11, the quantities that NEMMCO reasonable requires to discharge its market and power system security functions set out in Chapters 3 and 4. 		
	 (2) The quantities that NEMMCO may request include: (i) in respect of each scheduled generating unit or non-scheduled generating unit with a nameplate rating of 30MW or more, current, voltage, active power and reactive power in respect of generating unit stators or power conversion systems (as applicable), that status of all switching devices that carry the generation, tap-changing 		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	transformer tap position, and aggregate power subject to aggregation approved by NEMMCO under clause 3.8.3;		
	(ii) in respect of each non-scheduled generating system that includes a generating unit with nameplate rating of less than 30MW, it connected status, tap-changing transformer ta position and voltages, active power and reactivy power aggregated for groups of identica generating units, and either the numbers of identical generating units operating or the operating status of each non-identical generating units;		For systems less than 30 MW this appears to require more information for those greater than 30 MW.
	 (iii) in respect of each auxiliary system with capacit of 30MW or more associated with a generatin unit or generating system, active power an reactive power; 		
	 (iv) in respect of reactive power equipment that is particular of a generating system but not part of a particular generating unit, its reactive power, 		
	(v) <u>in respect of each wind farm, wind speed, wind</u> <u>direction and ambient temperature; and</u>	<u>I</u>	
	(vi) <u>any other quantity that NEMMCO reasonabl</u> requires to discharge its <i>market</i> and <i>power syster</i> <i>security functions</i> as set out in Chapters 3 and 4.		
	 (b) <u>Minimum Access Standard: Each scheduled generating un</u> or, if subject to aggregation approved by NEMMCO under clause 3.8.3, scheduled generating system, or non-schedule generating system with a combined nameplate rating of 30MW or more must have remote monitoring equipment to transmit to NEMMCO's control centres in real time is accordance with clause 4.11: 		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(1) <u>the active power output of the generating unit, scheduled</u> <u>generating system</u> , or non-scheduled generating system (as applicable);		
	(2) <u>if connected to a <i>transmission system</i>, the reactive power</u> <u>output of the generating unit, scheduled generating</u> <u>system</u> , or <u>non-scheduled generating system</u> (as <u>applicable</u>);		
	(3) <u>if a wind farm, number of units operating, wind speed</u> <u>and wind direction.</u>		
	(c) NEMMCO must be involved in the negotiation of access standards under clause S5.2.6.1		
S5.2.6.3	Replace clause S5.2.6.3 with the following:		Agreed
	Communications Equipment		
	(a) <u>The automatic access standard is:</u>		
	 (1) <u>A generator must provide and maintain two separate</u> <u>telephone facilities using independent</u> <u>telecommunications service providers, for the purposes</u> of <i>operational communications</i> between the <i>Generator</i>'s <u>responsible operator under clause 4.11.3(a) and</u> <u>NEMMCO's control centre.</u> 		
	(2) <u>A Generator must provide electricity supplies for remote</u> <u>monitoring equipment and remote control equipment</u> installed in relation to its <u>generating units</u> or <u>generating</u> <u>system</u> capable of keeping such equipment available for at least three hours following total loss of <u>supply</u> at the <u>connection point</u> for the relevant <u>generating unit</u>		
	(b) <u>The minimum access standard is:</u>		
	(1) <u>A generator must provide and maintain a telephone</u>		



Affected clause	Cla	ause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(c)	 facility for the purposes of operational communications between the Generator's responsible operator under clause 4.11.3(a) and NEMMCO's control centre. (2) <u>A Generator must provide electricity supplies for remote monitoring equipment and remote control equipment installed in relation to its generating units or generating system capable of keeping such equipment available for at least one hour following total loss of supply at the connection point for the relevant generating unit</u> Where the Network Service Provider or NEMMCO reasonably requires that a back-up telephone facility be independent of commercial telephone service providers, the Network Service Provider must provide and maintain the separate facility on a cost-recovery basis only through the 		
	(d) (e)	charge for connection. A Generator must provide communications paths (with appropriate redundancy) from the remote monitoring equipment or remote control equipment installed for each of its generating units, or generating system as appropriate, to a communications interface in a location reasonably acceptable to the Network Service Provider at the relevant generation facility. Communications systems between this communications interface and the control centre must be the responsibility of the Network Service Provider unless otherwise agreed by the Generator and the Network Service Provider. The Generator must supply accommodation and secure power supplies for communications facilities provided by the Network Service Provider under clause S5.2.6.3 NEMMCO must be involved in the negotiation of access standards under clause S5.2.6.3		
\$5.2.8	Re	place clause S5.2.8 with the following:		Agreed



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	Power station auxiliary suppliesIn cases where a generating system takes its auxiliary supplies via a connection point through which its generation is not transferred to the network, the access standards must be established under clause S5.3.5 as if the Generator were a Market Customer.		
S5.2.9	 Replace clause S5.2.9 with the following: Fault Current (a) The automatic access standard is: (1) The contribution for the generating system to the fault current on the connecting network through its connection point must not exceed the lesser of: (i) three times the combined maximum continuous current of the operating generating units of the generating system; and (ii) the level that can be safely interrupted by the circuit breakers of the connecting network for the duration of the applicable breaker fail protection system fault clearance times, as specified for the relevant connection point by the Network Service Provider. (2) A generating system's connected plant must be capable of withstanding fault current through the connection point up to the higher of: (i) the level specified in clause S5.2.4(c)(1); and (ii) the highest level of current at the connection point that can be safely interrupted by the circuit breakers of the connecting network and safely carried by the connecting network for the duration of the applicable breaker fail protection point up to the higher of: 		NEMMCO have not provided comment on why they wan to replace this clause. This change has nothing to do with the integration of wind power. There are no know issues with S5.2.9 as it is currently drafted. There is no justification for changing the rule. The NGF have commented that this represents substantial changes to structure –it should be deferred



Affected clause	Clause wit	th proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
		<i>fault clearance times</i> , as specified by the <i>Network</i> Service Provider.		
	8 <u>b</u> <u>c</u> <u>ti</u> <u>ii</u>	A circuit breaker provided to isolate a <i>generating unit</i> or <i>generating system</i> from the <i>network</i> must be capable of oreaking, without damage or restrike, the maximum fault urrents that could be reasonably expected to flow hrough the circuit breaker for a fault in the <i>network</i> or in the <i>generating unit</i> , or <i>generating system</i> , as specified in the <i>connection agreement</i> .		
		ninimum access standard is:		
	<u>c</u>	<i>Che generating system</i> does not need to limit fault urrent contribution.		
	0	A generating system's connected plant must be capable of withstanding fault current through the connection point up to the level specified in clause $S5.2.4(c)(1)$		
	8 <u>b</u> <u>c</u> <u>ti</u> <u>i</u>	A circuit breaker provided to isolate a <i>generating unit</i> or <i>generating system</i> from the <i>network</i> must be capable of breaking, without damage or restrike, the maximum fault urrents that could be reasonably expected to flow through the circuit breaker for a fault in the <i>network</i> or in the <i>generating unit</i> , or <i>generating system</i> , as specified in the <i>connection agreement</i> .		
	<u>netwo</u> fault <u>maint</u> Users	Network Service Provider must consider alternate ork configurations in the determination of the applicable current level and must prefer those options that cain an equivalent level of service to other Network c, and which in the opinion of the Generator, impose the obligation on the Generator.		
	<u>under</u> into a	rrying out assessments of proposed access standards clause S5.2.9, the Network Service Provider must take ccount, without limitation:		
	(1) 1	The expected performance of the existing networks and		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	 <u>network</u> developments that are <u>considered projects</u>; (2) The expected performance of existing <u>generating plant</u> and <u>generation</u> projects that are <u>considered projects</u>; and (3) The expected range of <u>power system</u> operating <u>conditions</u>. (e) The <u>Network Service Provider</u> is not liable for any loss or damage incurred by the <u>Generator</u> or any other person as a <u>consequence of a fault on either the power system</u>, or within the <u>Generator's facility</u>. 		It is inappropriate that a clause referring to a NSP's liability to everyone exists in a Generator standard.
S5.5.2	 Under the heading "Preliminary system planning data": This data is required for submission with the <i>application to connect</i>, to allow the <i>Network Service Provider</i> to prepare an offer of terms for a <i>connection agreement</i> and to assess the requirement for, and effect of, <i>network augmentation</i> or <i>extension</i> options. Such data is normally limited to the items denoted as Standard Planning Data (S) in the technical data schedules 5.5.1 to 5.5.5 Generating System Model Guidelines Generating System Design Data Sheet, Generating System Setting Data Sheet and in schedules 5.5.3 to 5.5.5. The Network Service Provider may, in cases where there is reasonable doubt as to the viability of a proposal, require the submission of other data before making an offer to <i>connect</i> or to amend a <i>connection agreement</i>. 	The references to schedules 5.5.1 and 5.5.2 (implied) have been amended to refer to the documents to be prepared under clause S5.5.7.	Agree



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
S5.5.4	 Schedules 5.5.3 to 5.5.5 cover the following data areas: (a) schedule 5.5.1 — Generating Unit Design Data. This comprises generating unit fixed design parameters. (b) schedule 5.5.2 — Generating Unit Setting Data. This comprises settings which can be varied by agreement or by direction of the Network Service Provider or NEMMCO. (c) — schedule 5.5.3 - Network Plant Technical Data. This comprises fixed electrical parameters. (db) schedule 5.5.4 - Plant and Apparatus Setting Data. This comprises settings which that can be varied by agreement or by direction of the Network Service Provider or NEMMCO. (e) schedule 5.5.5 - Load Characteristics. This comprises the estimated parameters of loads_groups in respect of, for example, harmonic content and response to frequency and voltage variations. The documents and schedules applicable to each class of Registered Participant are as follows: (1) Generators: schedules 5.5.1 and 5.5.2 the Generating System Model Guidelines, Generating System Design Data Sheet; (2) Customers and Network Service Providers: schedules 5.5.3 and 5.5.4; and (3) Customers: schedule 5.5.5. 	The references to schedules 5.5.1 and 5.5.2 have been removed or amended to refer to the documents to be prepared under clause S5.5.7.	Agree
\$5.5.5	Replace clause S5.5.5 with the following:S5.5.5A Generator that connects a generating unit, that is not a synchronous generating unit, must be given exemption from complying with those parts of	The references to schedules 5.5.1 and 5.5.2 have been amended to refer to the documents to be prepared under clause S5.5.7.	Agree



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	schedules 5.5.1 and 5.5.2 the Generating System Model Guidelines Generating System Design Data Sheet and Generating System Setting Data Sheet that are determined by the Network Service Provider to be not relevant to such generating units, but must comply with those parts of schedules 5.5.3, 5.5.4, and 5.5.5 that are relevant to such generating units, as determined by the Network Service Provider.		
\$5.5.6	Replace clause S5.5.6 with the following:S5.5.6 A Generator that connects a synchronous generating unit equal to or smaller than 30 MW or a number of synchronous generating units totalling less than 30 MW to a connection point to a distribution network will usually be required to submit less registered system planning data and less registered data than is indicated in schedule 5.5.1 the Generating System Model Guidelines Generating System Design Data Sheet and Generating System Setting Data Sheet. In general these data will be limited to confirmation of the preliminary system planning data, marked (S), but other data must be supplied if required by the Network Service Provider or NEMMCO.Codes:S = Standard Planning Data R = Registered Data (R1 pre-connection, R2 post- connection)	The reference to schedules 5.5.1 has been amended to refer to the documents to be prepared under clause S5.5.7.	Agree
85.5.7	(a)NEMMCO must, subject to clause S5.7.7(b), publish in accordance with the Rules consultation procedures:(1)a Generating System Design Data Sheet	This modification removes the data schedules S5.5.1 and S5.5.2 and allows their replacements to be changed outside of the Rule change process. This is	Agree



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	describing, for relevant technologies, the generating system design parameters of generating units and generating systems including, without limitation, plant configurations, impedances, time constants, non- linearities, ratings and capabilities, to be provided under clauses S5.2.4 and S5.5, (2) a Generating System Setting Data Sheet describing, for relevant generation and control system technologies, the protection system and control system settings of generating units and generating systems including, without limitation, configurations, gains, time constants, delays, deadbands, non-linearities and limits, to be provided under clauses S5.2.4 and S5.5; and (3) Generating System Model Guidelines, describing, for relevant generation and control system technologies, NEMMCO's requirements when developing mathematical models for generating units and generating systems, including, without limitation, the impact of their control system security. (b) If the first version of: (1) the Generating System Design Data Sheet published under paragraph (a) is identical to schedule 5.5.1; (2) the Generating System Setting Data Sheet published under paragraph (a) is identical to schedule 5.5.2, as each of those respective schedules existed one day before the Rules changes that give effect to this clause S5.5.7 take effect, NEMMCO is not required to comply	because the data requirements need to change from time to time to reflect changes in technology. Currently the data schedules are heavily biased toward thermal synchronous plant, and some of the requirements are not applicable to asynchronous plant. It is proposed that changes to these schedules will be made through a Rules consultation process. Because of the urgency of replacing these schedules with documents covering wind generation technologies, NEMMCO would like to be able to commence the Rules consultation process before these changes come into effect.	



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	Clause with proposed amendments with the Rules consultation procedures in publishing them. (c) The purpose of making the Generating System Design Data Sheet, Generating System Setting Data Sheet and Generating System Model Guidelines, is to: (1) allow generating units and generating systems to be mathematically modelled by NEMMCO and relevant Registered Participants in load flow and dynamic stability assessments with sufficient accuracy to permit: (i) the power system operating limits for ensuring power system security to be quantified with the lowest practical safety margins; (ii) proposed access standards and performance standards of generating units and generating systems to be assessed; and (iii) settings of control systems and protection systems and networks to be assessed and quantified for maximum practical performance of the power	Reason	Auswind Comments
	system; and (2) identify for each type of data its category in terms of clause S5.5.2. (d) Any consultation commenced by NEMMCO in accordance with the Rules consultation procedures prior to this clause coming into effect is taken to have been conducted in accordance this clause S5.7.7.		



Affected clause	Clause	with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
schedules 5.5.1 & 5.5.2	Delete			Agree to deletion.
schedule 5.6(c1)	(c1)	details of each <i>access standard</i> agreed between the <i>Network Service Provider</i> and the <i>Registered Participant</i> and all related conditions of agreement resulting from the application of any of the access provisions for access contained in schedule 5.1 for <i>Network Service Providers</i> , or schedule 5.2 for <i>Generators</i> , or schedule 5.3 for <i>Customers</i> , or schedule 5.3a for <i>Market Network Service Providers Providers</i>	This amendment is required to correct an incorrect reference to the term performance standard. Access standards are what are agreed between Network Service Providers and Registered Participants.	Agree
8.6.2(m)	(m)	(modelling): the disclosure, use or reproduction of data held by <i>NEMMCO</i> or a <i>Network Service Provider</i> for the purpose of modelling the operation of the <i>power system</i> , to the extent reasonably necessary to enable a <u>Network</u> <u>User</u> <u>Connection Applicant</u> to develop an application to connect.	The change here corrects an error in the previous formulation of this clause by replacing the term <i>Network User</i> , which relates to people already connected to the network, with the term <i>Connection Applicant</i> , which relates to people wanting to develop an application to connect.	Agree
8.6.2(n)	<u>(n)</u>	the disclosure of a <i>performance standard</i> to a <i>Network</i> <u>Service Provider</u> for the purpose of establishing a compliance monitoring program, or if <i>connection</i> at that <i>performance standard</i> , in <i>NEMMCO's</i> opinion, affects, or is likely to affect, the performance of that <i>Network</i> <u>Service Provider's network</u> .	This is necessary so that NEMMCO can provide the performance standards to other NSPs	Performance Standards are between the Generator, the NSP and NEMMCO, not with all other NSPs. Specific permission should be sought for this to happen on a case by case basis as required.
Chapter 10	Either	standard an <i>automatic access standard</i> or a <i>negotiated access</i> ad for a particular technical requirement as recorded in a	The concept of access standard is used extensively in the technical requirements	Agree



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	Clause with proposed amendments connection agreement. adequately damped In relation to a control system, when tested with a step change of a feedback input or corresponding reference, or otherwise observed, any oscillatory response at a frequency of: (a) 0.05 Hz or less has a damping ratio of at least 0.4; (b) between 0.05 Hz and 0.6 Hz has a halving time of 5 seconds or less (equivalent to a damping coefficient – 0.14 nepers per second or less); and (c) 0.6 Hz or more has a damping ratio of at least 0.05 in relation to a minimum access standard and a damping ratio of at least 0.1 otherwise. considered project In respect of a generating system, a project that meets both of the following criteria: (a) A connection agreement has been entered into. (b) An offer to connect has been made and the Network Service Provider considers that if the offer to connect were accepted that project might adversely affect the Connection Applicant's proposed generating system. In respect of a transmission network augmentation, a project that meets all of the following criteria: (a) The Network Service Provider has acquired the necessary 	Reason in Schedule 5.2. This definition is needed to describe what facilities need to be considered when assessing a proposed generating system connection. It is also needed to describe the stage at which a project's technical details (such as control system models and generator details) should reasonably be made available to other persons applying to connect.	Auswind Comments Agree It should be noted that there is increasing difficulties with achieving development approval for both generation project and transmission projects. The final achievement of development approval can be subject to significant delays at the discretion of the relevant planning department. As such project should be considered if they have an offer to connect and the planning approval.
	land and easements. (b) The Network Service Provider has obtained all necessary planning and development approvals.		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	(c) As applicable: (i) the augmentation project has passed the regulatory test; or (ii) in respect of a new small transmission network asset, an intention to proceed with the project has been published in the Network Service Provider's Annual Planning Report; or (iii) in respect of a funded augmentation the arrangements have been made for its funding. (d) Construction has either commenced or the Network Service Provider has set a firm date for it to commence. In respect of a distribution network augmentation, a project that meets all of the following criteria: (a) The Network Service Provider has acquired the necessary land and easements; (b) The Network Service Provider has obtained all necessary planning and development approvals; (c) Construction has either commenced or the Network Service Provider has set a firm date for it to commence.		
	continuous uninterrupted operation In respect of a <i>generating unit</i> operating during a <i>power system</i> disturbance, not disconnecting from the <i>power system</i> and, after clearance of any associated electrical fault, delivering <i>active power</i> and <i>reactive power</i> in accordance with its <i>performance standards</i> , with all essential auxiliary and reactive <i>plant</i> remaining in service, so as to not exacerbate or prolong the disturbance for other <i>connected plant</i> .	This new definition is required to clarify that behaviour that exacerbates or prolongs the disturbance is not acceptable.	Inconsistent with NET proclamation. Leaves uncertainty for compliance. (eg. no reference to post disturbance loading levels) Agree



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	generating systemA system comprising one or more generating units and includes auxiliary or reactive plant that is located on the Generator's side of the connection point and is necessary for the generating system to meet its performance standards.	This definition is modified to clarify that a generating system includes other equipment that is provided by the Generator in order to meet its performance standards.	
	Generating System Design Data Sheet The data sheet published by <i>NEMMCO</i> under clause S5.5.7(a)(1).		Agree
	Generating System Model Guidelines The guidelines published by <i>NEMMCO</i> under clause S5.5.7(a)(3).		Agree
	Generating System Setting Data Sheet The data sheet published by <i>NEMMCO</i> under clause S5.5.7(a)(2).		Agree
	Generator	The term Generator has been extended to	Agree
	A person who engages in the activity of owning, controlling or operating a <i>generating system</i> that is <i>connected</i> to, or who otherwise <i>supplies</i> electricity to, a <i>transmission</i> or <i>distribution</i> <i>system</i> and who is registered by <i>NEMMCO</i> as a <i>Generator</i> under Chapter 2 and, for the purposes of Chapter 5 (other than clause 5.10), the term includes a person who is required to, or intends to register in that capacity.	cover its use in Schedule 5.2 where it refers to persons who are connection applicants in respect of generating plant as "Generators".	
	nameplate rating		Agree
	The maximum continuous output or consumption in MW of an item of equipment as specified by the manufacturer, or as		



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	subsequently modified. <u>nominal voltage</u> <u>The design voltage level, nominated for a particular location on</u> the power system, such that power lines and circuits that are electrically connected other than through transformers have the same nominal voltage regardless of operating voltage and normal voltage.	This term has been widely used in the Generator requirements as well as in the definition of normal voltage.	Agree
	<u>non-scheduled generating system</u> <u>A generating system comprising non-scheduled generating units.</u>		Agree
	normal voltage In respect of a <i>connection point</i> , its <i>nominal voltage</i> or such other voltage up to 10% higher or lower than <i>nominal voltage</i> , as approved by <i>NEMMCO</i> , for that <i>connection point</i> at the request of the <i>Network Service Provider</i> who provides <i>connection</i> to the <i>power system</i> .	This definition currently in the system standards (S5.1a.4) is now used more widely, and therefore is to be moved into the glossary.	Agree.
	performance standard		Agree
	A standard of performance established as a result of it being:(1)accepted by NEMMCO in accordance with clause4.14(d)(1);	This definition has been simplified. It identifies performance standards as those standards registered as such with NEMMCO under clause 5.12.	
	 (2) taken to be an applicable performance standard in accordance with clause 5.3.4A(g); (3) deemed to apply in accordance with clause 4.14(h); or (4) determined pursuant to clause 4.14(m). 	In conjunction with 5.10.1(c), this change corrects an anomaly under the present wording where plant with connection agreements pre-dating 16 November 2003, but registered subsequent to that	



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	In relation to a technical requirement of access for a particular <i>plant</i> , a standard of performance recorded on the register by <u>NEMMCO under clause 5.11.1.</u>	date, technically does not have performance standards.	
	performance standards commencement date For:		Agree
	(a) Generators, Customers and Network Service Providers who plan, own, operate or control a facility located in a participating jurisdiction (other than Tasmania), the performance standards commencement date is, in relation to that facility, 16 November 2003; and		
	(b) Generators, Customers and Network Service Providers who plan, own, operate or control a facility located in Tasmania, the performance standards commencement date is, in relation to that facility, the date that Tasmania becomes a participating jurisdiction.		
	For Generators, Customers and Market Network ServiceProviders who plan, own, operate or control a facility located in:(a) a participating jurisdiction other than Tasmania, the performance standards commencement date is, in relation to that facility, 16 November 2003; and	Now that Tasmania is also a participating jurisdiction, this definition needs to be corrected, and it can also be simplified. Amendment clarifies meaning and	
	(b) Tasmania, the <i>performance standards commencement</i> <i>date</i> is, in relation to that facility, 29 May 2005.	specifies date that Tasmania entered the NEM.	
	rated active power (1) in relation to a generating unit, the maximum amount of active power that the generating unit can continuously deliver at the connection point when operating at its nameplate rating; and (2) in relation to a generating system, the combined		Agree



Affected clause	Clause with proposed amendments	Reason	Auswind Comments
	maximum amount of <i>active power</i> that its in-service generating units can deliver at the connection point, when its in-service generating units are operating at their nameplate ratings. reliability		
	 The probability of a system, device, <i>plant</i> or equipment performing its function adequately for the period of time intended, under the operating conditions encountered. In respect of equipment, the probability of its performing its function adequately for the period of time intended under the operating conditions encountered. In respect of <i>supply</i>, the probability that it is sufficient to satisfy 	This definition is extended to distinguish reliability of supply from reliability of equipment.	Agree
	In respect of supply, the probability that it is sufficient to satisfy the demand for that supply, taking into account available generation, power transfer capability and other demand. scheduled generating system A generating system comprising scheduled generating units.		Agree